

TODAY'S WEATHER—PARIS: Windy, partly cloudy. Temp. 54-59 (43-47). Tomorrow: occasional rain. Yesterday's temp. 55-61 (43-51). LONDON: Occasional rain. Temp. 58-61 (43-45). Tomorrow: Little change. Yesterday's temp. 52-59 (41-51). CHANNEL: Rather rough. WIND: Overcast. Temp. 50-55 (41-51). NEW YORK: Fair. Temp. 55-59 (43-47). Yesterday's temp. 55-61 (43-51). ADDITIONAL WEATHER PAGE 2

INTERNATIONAL Herald Tribune

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Joyful, Tearful Reunions

West Berliners Flock to the East

By John M. Goshko

BERLIN, March 29 (UPI)—Thousands of West Berliners, carrying Easter gifts and flowers, began streaming through the Berlin Wall today for reunions with relatives and friends they had not seen in six years or more.

It was the first time since 1966 that the people of West Berlin had been allowed to make mass visits to the eastern half of the divided city. And, for those going beyond East Berlin to other destinations within Communist East Germany, today's travel was the first since 1962.

Each of the crossing points where West Berliners emerged in East Berlin and came face to face with loved ones was like a stage filled with innumerable simultaneous scenes of emotion—of tears, embraces and excited cries of "My, how the children have grown."

Everyone obviously hoped that today's events were a preview of what might soon become commonplace. For the first time since the wall went up in 1961, West Berliners are saving the expectation that before long they will be able to make regular and frequent visits to the East.

Today's visits resulted from East Germany's decision to temporarily put into effect the pending four-power Berlin agreement. Under this "goodwill gesture," the agreement's provisions about travel for West Berliners and eased traffic access to Berlin will be honored for eight days during Easter and an additional eight days during the Pentecost holidays in May.

In doing this, Erich Honecker's East German regime is obviously trying to influence the West German parliament to vote for ratification of Bonn's treaties with the Soviet Union and Poland. The Soviet Union has threatened not to sign the final protocol putting the four-power agreement into effect if the treaties are not ratified.

Despite the political overtones to the gesture, the West Berliners have responded in overwhelming numbers. A spokesman for the city government said that by last night about 163,000 West Berlin residents had been given visas for Easter visits.

The East Germans have made strenuous efforts to insure that this "dress rehearsal" of the Berlin agreement is a success. Nine crossing points through the wall, six into East Berlin and three to East Germany proper, were opened before dawn today, and the East Germans had greatly expanded facilities and personnel to process the arriving visitors quickly.

In fact, today's first trial almost made the East German preparations look like overkill. Although the lines of West Berliners crossing the wall kept moving steadily throughout the day, the total seemed far below the masses that many had expected.

At the principal entry point, the Friedrichstrasse railroad station, the East German high-backed off an "underground" street and parking lot to set up dozens of booths for handling the West Berliners. Yet, during most of the day, dozens of policemen manning the booths stood around with nothing to do.

West Berlin authorities, while saying they could give no estimate of how many had crossed, conceded that the number was low. This, they explained, was because many people had to work today and planned to use their visas (Continued on Page 2, Col. 2)



AFTER SIX YEARS—A mother from West Berlin greeted yesterday by her son, an East Berliner, on her first visit through the wall since 1966. East German guard at right.



WELCOMING HANDS—A West Berliner (left) moving to embrace her aunt yesterday after crossing into East Berlin through the gates at Friedrichstrasse checkpoint.

Amid Signs of Rift

New Protests Planned By Ulster Protestants

By Bernard Weinraub

BELFAST, March 29 (NYT)—Militant Protestants, buoyed by results of a two-day general strike that virtually paralyzed Northern Ireland, met today to map further protests against Britain's take-over of the province.

Members of the Ulster Vanguard conferred in closed session through the day and discussed future tactics such as "lightning strikes" at electricity and industrial plants, curtailment of bread and milk supplies, disruptions of transportation and a campaign to withhold rents and taxes. No plans were announced. Further meetings were scheduled for tomorrow.

"We have extensive contingency plans and we will decide according to how the situation develops," said William Craig, the leader of Ulster Vanguard, a militant Protestant group. "We intend to use every means we have to muster the strength of the majority of the people of Ulster."

The meeting was held amid indications that the Northern Ireland Protestant majority was in political disarray following Prime Minister Brian Faulkner's surprise move yesterday embracing the Ulster Vanguard movement. Mr. Faulkner's display of solidarity with Mr. Craig, a long-time political foe, stirred shock, confusion and rumor.

"We asked Mr. Faulkner to identify himself with our protest yesterday and he did," Mr. Craig said today in an interview. "We have our disagreements. But we know we've got to work together to win back Ulster."

One of the prime minister's closest associates said privately today: "Faulkner has quite electrically decided that if he is to remain a figure of power he has got to get under the umbrella of Craig and the Vanguard Protestants. He's obviously taken a smart lurch to the right."

Mr. Faulkner, a middle-of-the-road Protestant and the leader of the Unionist party, has announced his resignation as prime minister because of Britain's decision to suspend the provincial Parliament for a year and impose direct rule of the crisis-torn province. His embrace of Mr. Craig's Ulster Vanguard movement at a huge rally at the Parliament yesterday portends a shakeup in the Unionist party, the local version of the Conservatives, which has controlled Northern Ireland for more than half a century.

New Protests Planned

Apparently assured of support by Mr. Faulkner, Mr. Craig and his associates met secretly to plan further protests across Northern Ireland. These include "lightning strikes" of electricity plants, curtailment of bread and



Brian Faulkner

milk supplies and a campaign to withhold rents and taxes.

There were indications today that Mr. Faulkner, seeking to remain the leader of Northern Ireland's Protestants, would run for a seat in the British Parliament. To give himself a new platform of power, Mr. Faulkner is also expected to go on a speaking tour across Northern Ireland over the next few weeks, to urge Protestants to oppose the take-over by Britain through noncooperation

with William Whitelaw, the new secretary of state for Northern Ireland.

"Faulkner feels that the Vanguard movement and a hard-line Protestant approach is the wave of the future," said Mr. Faulkner's associate, a high-ranking official in the government. "He feels that Vanguard represents the mass of Protestant thinking, and he may be right. Faulkner himself feels let down, betrayed."

The 51-year-old prime minister is ready to leave office, probably tomorrow, when the Westminster Parliament approves emergency legislation empowering Britain to take over the provincial government of Northern Ireland, which has been Protestant-controlled since Ulster was created in the partition of Ireland in 1920.

Mr. Faulkner's side said that moderate Protestants are now convinced that the prime minister's link with Mr. Craig will split the Unionist party and spawn numerous defections to the moderate Alliance party, a two-year-old political group with a steadily growing Protestant and Catholic membership, largely middle class.

Anthony Cowdy, a spokesman for the Alliance party, said that the Faulkner-Craig joint appearance at yesterday's rally was an "unholy wedding." Mr. Cowdy (Continued on Page 2, Col. 7)

Interviews With U.S. Reporter

Hanoi Hints It Would Accept Nonsocialist Regime in South

By Seymour M. Hersh

Seymour M. Hersh, a free-lance journalist, who recently visited North Vietnam, won the Pulitzer Prize for his disclosure of the My Lai massacre.

HANOI (NYT)—In a series of interviews, several Hanoi officials have taken pains to say they want to reassure the United States that North Vietnam has no intention of pressing a political or ideological claim on the South if President Nguyen Van Thieu is ousted.

Col. Ha Van Lau, who has been a delegate to the Paris peace talks, and Hoang Tung, editor of Nhan Dan, North Vietnam's official newspaper, acknowledged during more than 15 hours of discussions through interpreters that the war in South Vietnam is militarily stalled. But they insisted that no serious negotiations to end the fighting are possible as long as the United States maintained its support of the Thieu government.

The main point of the interviews was the makeup of a future government in Saigon.

"If you, in the United States, don't want a socialist government," Mr. Tung said, "how can we force it on you? So we understand that everybody in South Vietnam does not have the same desire that we do. And if not 100 percent, there should be at least 50 or 60 percent who want to have a certain system—only then will it be possible to have it."

Ideal Situation

Mr. Tung added that the situation in the South would be ideal if "we, the Vietnamese, could smash everything—the United States and Saigon troops are foreign mercenaries."

"But we are quite realistic, and we know to do that would take a much longer time," he added. "If it were up to me, I would like to see the whole of Vietnam unified and building socialism, but we are realistic. We know that in South Vietnam there are certain other forces. Not only Thieu, but other people. The communists and people who are doing the resistance work must find a way to live with other people. Only in this way can we be in conformity with objective reality."

The theme that it is possible to guarantee the neutrality and independence of a caretaker government in Saigon came up in current in seven meetings with Col. Lau during a two-week stay in North Vietnam that ended March 17.

Not in a Rush
The colonel, considered by Western diplomats stationed here to have access to Premier Phan Van Dong, said more than once: "We are not in a rush for reunification. In principle, we think that North and South Vietnam should be unified and one, but we have to settle issues on reality as well as on principles."

"Our governments are very different. In North Vietnam there is socialism, and in South Vietnam they want neutrality. We have to respect that."

The interviews were carefully summarized and placed on the record before this journalist left Hanoi. It was made clear that (Continued on Page 2, Col. 4)

N. Vietnamese Say Resuming Of Paris Talks Is Up to U.S.

By Henry Giniger

PARIS, March 29 (NYT)—North Vietnamese are waiting for the United States to take the initiative in resuming the suspended peace talks here, Hanoi's spokesman said today.

Nguyen Thanh Le told the press that "it is up to the American side to remedy its error" in suspending the talks indefinitely last week. He said that his delegation had made no proposal for a new meeting and indicated that it would make none.

Mr. Le's comments followed a statement from North Vietnam's Foreign Ministry last night demanding resumption of the talks and calling on "brother Socialist

and peace-loving countries" to put pressure on the United States.

William J. Porter, the American delegate, told the Communists last week that he would await "some sign from you that you are disposed to engage in meaningful exchanges on the various points raised in your and our proposals." Nothing in the Hanoi statement indicated any shift from the standing Communist demands that the United States agree to set a date for total evacuation, halt the Vietnamization program and remove President Nguyen Van Thieu of South Vietnam.

The American delegation is understood to feel that there may not be any significant shift between now and the presidential elections in the United States but the absence of change on the Communist side is not being taken to mean that the conference will be called off at least until then. Informal diplomatic circles here stress that Mr. Porter left a door open to further meetings by saying "our side intends to suggest meetings to discuss particular points or subjects whenever such discussions appear likely to be useful."

Accordingly, none of the delegations is packing its bags preparatory to going home. Mr. Le said that his delegation had "patience and goodwill" and added: "If the conference cannot continue, it is the Nixon administration that will be entirely responsible."

Hanoi's appeal to brother So- (Continued on Page 2, Col. 5)



Nguyen Thanh Le

Israel Counts W. Bank Vote As a Victory

JERUSALEM, March 29 (UPI)—Results from the first municipal elections held under Israeli occupation on the West Bank of the Jordan River showed today no anti-Israeli candidates succeeded. Israel hailed the polling as a victory over Arab guerrilla coercion.

"There's not one in the bunch," an Arab political source said when asked about anti-Israeli voters. "The voters opted for the status quo. Most of the new faces are younger men with more ability as administrators."

The source said he could not make an educated guess as to how many anti-Israeli candidates there had been because none was allowed to campaign as such.

A West Bank occupation spokesman said the turnout of 84 percent of the 16,247 eligible voters—male, tax-paying property owners over 21—emphasized the failure of the guerrillas and of King Hussein of Jordan to discourage the vote.

Failure to Disrupt
"We think one of the most important things that emerged was the failure of the Arab terrorist organizations and Jordan to disrupt the election," he said, adding:

"These elections were a kind of confrontation, calling on the people to play an active role in cooperation with the military government. . . . They were strong enough to say 'Go to hell' to those who tried to pressure them into not voting."

The official results showed that 53 incumbent councilmen retained their seats, with 30 men winning positions for the first time. Not all incumbents stood for reelection.

Among the reelected was Mayor Haj Maazoun al-Masri, of Nablus, who decided to run only after Israeli occupation authorities arrested his cousin, and threatened other measures to counter guerrilla anti-election efforts in the town.

Whether he is reappointed mayor remains to be seen, for under Jordanian law—which regulated the elections—the government appoints the mayors. The government in this case is the Israeli occupation authorities.

Chinese Mollify Leaders of House, Invite Them as Well as Senators

WASHINGTON, March 29 (AP)—The mainland Chinese have invited House Democratic and Republican leaders to visit their country, thus smoothing what some said were ruffled feelings over an earlier invitation to Senate, but not House, leaders.

The invitation to Reps. Hale Boggs, D., La., and Gerald R. Ford, R., Mich., came from the Chinese People's Institute of Foreign Affairs and was relayed through the U.S.-Chinese embassy contact in Paris.

An aide to Rep. Boggs said that he would accept. Rep. Ford could not immediately be reached and aides said that they did not know whether he would go.

The day after his return from China, President Nixon said that he had passed on to Senate leaders Mike Mansfield, D., Mont., and Hugh Scott, R., Pa., an invitation from Premier Chou En-lai to visit China.

Later, House Speaker Carl Albert told a news conference that if the President arranged an invitation for the Senate leaders, he should do the same for the House.

Argentine Kidnappers Blur Deadline for Killing Hostage

BUENOS AIRES, March 29 (UPI)—The Trotskyist kidnappers of the Fiat general manager in Argentina, Oberdan Salustro, said in a communiqué today that they would execute the 56-year-old Italian national "at the opportune moment."

The communiqué—No. 7 in a series—was apparently a copy of one issued yesterday by the "People's Revolutionary Army" (ERP). It was found in downtown bar and addressed to the newspaper Cronica, which picked it up.

Mr. Salustro was kidnapped eight days ago. Not a trace of him or his abductors has been found despite a massive search by authorities.

Shortly before last midnight, the Italian auto firm announced that it was giving up its intense effort to rescue the executive. It said that there was no way it could meet the ERP demands.

So far the government—which had banned all dealings with the urban guerrillas—has made no official comment on today's reported communiqué.

Mr. Salustro's execution originally had been slated for Sunday noon. Then the deadline was moved back twice, first to midnight Monday and finally to midnight Tuesday.

Fiat had been in secret contact with the terrorist kidnappers until Monday when, the ERP said in a

As a Courtesy, Not an Obligation

Kissinger Takes Steps (a Few) To Meet With Congressmen

By Murray Marder

WASHINGTON, March 29 (UPI)—Presidential security adviser Henry A. Kissinger yesterday went part of the way to meet demands of members of Congress anxious to question him—about 200 yards, give or take a few steps.

Mr. Kissinger crossed Pennsylvania Avenue from his office in the White House to meet informally with members of the House Foreign Affairs and Senate Foreign Relations Committees at Tayloe House, a government-owned town house on the east side of Lafayette Square.

The meetings were a marginal concession by the Nixon administration in response to congressional attempts to question Mr. Kissinger about his extremely large role in the making of foreign policy.

Even the site of the meetings, however, underscored the White House's point: It was holding firm in its insistence that Mr. Kissinger, as a special adviser to President Nixon, is protected by executive privilege from any obligation to testify before Congress. His appearance before members of the Senate and House groups, informally and unofficially, in other words, was provided as a courtesy, not a right.

Mr. Kissinger first met at Tayloe House for about an hour and 45 minutes with about 20 members of the House committee

Nixon May Visit Iran After Russia; Kissinger Trip to Japan Slated

WASHINGTON, March 29 (UPI)—President Nixon is seriously considering the possibility of a stop in Tehran to meet with the Shah of Iran after the President's visit to the Soviet Union at the end of May, informed sources said today.

These sources said it was unlikely that the President would stop in any other country after his meetings in Moscow except for rest or refueling.

It was understood that the possibility had been raised and then rejected of stops also in some Arab countries and Israel.

Meanwhile, the White House announced that Henry A. Kissinger, assistant to the President for national security affairs, will visit Japan April 15 to 18 to confer with high officials and to meet with officers of the Japan-United States Economic Council.

Ever since the announcement last July that President Nixon intended to visit Peking, relations between Japan and the United States have been strained.

Hayward Is Elected To Labor Party Post

LONDON, March 29 (UPI)—Ron Hayward, 54, today was elected general secretary of the Labor party. He succeeds Sir Harry Nichols, 67, who will retire after the party's annual conference in October.

Mr. Hayward was elected by the vote of party chairman Anthony Wedgwood Benn after a 14-14 tie in the national executive committee with Gwyn Morgan, assistant general secretary.

Turkish Police Identify Chief Of Kidnappers of Radar Men

UNYE, Turkey, March 29 (AP).—The kidnapping of three radar technicians was planned and carried out under the leadership of the "Turkish People's Liberation Army," and the most-wanted fugitive in Turkey, an official said here today.

Cayan, a former university student, has been connected with dozens of acts of urban terrorism, including the kidnapping-murder last May of Israeli Consul Ephraim Elrom in Istanbul.

In November he led five terrorists in a daring escape through a sewer pipe from a military prison in Istanbul.

In Ankara, a Canadian Embassy source said one of the kidnappers was John Law, a Canadian. All three kidnappers were originally identified as Englishmen. The source said Mr. Law lived in a suburb of Ottawa before coming to Turkey.

An official said questioning here of persons taken into custody in Fatah and Unye has revealed that Cayan was in the two Black Sea towns a few days before the kidnapping Sunday of Charles Turner, 45, Mr. Law, 21, and Gordon Banner, 35.

The elusive Cayan has been reported trapped by police and troops on several occasions in Istanbul and Ankara, but escaped after shootouts.

Suspect Escapes
On Saturday, police acting on a tip from Ankara started searching Fatah, but Cayan escaped to Unye.

The officials said six persons in Unye and two in Fatah have confessed to hiding Cayan and four other terrorists who seized the three. They included Cihan Alpek, who was accused with Cayan in the Elrom killing and escaped jail with him. Alpek led the kidnappers into the victims' apartment wearing a military uniform.

Reportedly the kidnappers told the technicians they were being taken as hostages for the lives of three leftist youths under death sentence.

The condemned, Deniz Gecmis, 24, Yusuf Aslan, 25 and Huseyin Iscan, 23, were convicted on charges of trying to overthrow the state and sentenced to death by a martial-law court. Their sentence, confirmed by the parliament, is being deliberated by the Constitutional Court, and the executions will be delayed until the court rules.

Search Moves Inland
The district administrator of Unye, Nihat Eren, said the search was now concentrated inland from Unye, around the town of Tokat, where the Land-Rover in which the kidnappers fled with the three was found Monday.

Interior Minister Ferit Kubat, in charge of the search in the Black Sea coastal town of Ordu, told newsmen today that masked persons thought to be the kidnappers had been seen in villages near Miskar, a mountain town 66 miles inland from Unye.

Mr. Kubat said villagers reported that armed persons with masks had asked them for food.

The agreement, published in a white paper, a government policy statement, was signed in London Sunday by Maltese Prime Minister Dom Mintoff and British Defense Secretary Lord Carrington. The signing occurred after months of long and often bitter negotiations, with Mr. Mintoff rejecting a series of British offers and issuing a March 31 deadline for troops to leave the island.

The agreement raises the annual rent for the bases to \$12.75 million. Of this, Britain will pay \$5.25 million and NATO will pay the rest.

Previously, Britain was able to use the Maltese bases to meet any international obligation. The new treaty restricts the use of bases to British and NATO defense requirements.

The Maltese government now has the right to grant harbor facilities to the forces of any non-Warwick Pact country except where exclusively reserved for Britain.

Such countries could be granted use of nonreserved parts of Luqa airfield for "nonoperational" purposes.

The agreement is for seven years.

The British government also named John Morsan, formerly British ambassador to Saigon, as high commissioner to Malta. Mr. Morsan succeeds Sir Duncan Watson.

Mintoff to Visit China
VALLETTA, Malta, March 29 (AP).—Prime Minister Mintoff told Parliament tonight that the government has accepted an invitation by the Chinese People's Republic to send a ministerial delegation to Peking.

Diplomatic relations were established between the two countries on Jan. 3. The delegation will discuss economic relations, Mr. Mintoff said. He will lead the five-man party, which will leave Thursday.

73 Tribunals In Bangladesh Will Try Foes

NEW DELHI, March 29 (UPI).—The Bangladesh government yesterday established 73 special tribunals to try "collaborators" with the Pakistani Army in its "genocide" in former East Pakistan, the Press Trust of India reported from Dacca.

The agency said 10,000, including 50 women, are in Dacca jails facing trial. It did not indicate how many more are awaiting trial in the districts.

The special tribunals will be headed by judges empowered to hand out death sentences.

Meanwhile, India and Bangladesh signed their first trade agreement, which covers free border trade and exchange of a wide range of goods.

W. Germany Fears Spread Of Smallpox

Authorities Tracing Contacts of Carrier

HANNOVER, West Germany, March 29 (Reuters).—Health officials today expressed fears of more smallpox cases in West Germany as authorities ran into difficulties in trying to trace the contacts of a stricken Yugoslav worker.

A Lower Saxony State Social Ministry official said the number of persons now suspected of being in contact with the man, Elup Hodzaj, 24, had increased so much "that we will be enormously lucky if there are no further cases."

About 250 persons who were in direct contact with Mr. Hodzaj are now in quarantine while another 300 have been ordered to remain at home.

A special commission set up when the smallpox diagnosis was confirmed yesterday is trying to trace Mr. Hodzaj's movements since he arrived in this country March 13 from the Serbian province of Kosovo, where smallpox broke out earlier this month.

Minich, Rosenheim, Wolfsburg
It has established that he visited Munich, Rosenheim and Wolfsburg and is trying to round up contacts in these areas.

Meanwhile, thousands of people here thronged to official centers today for free precautionary smallpox inoculations after only 1,000 were inoculated yesterday.

On 300,000 doses of vaccine have been ordered and the army has offered to help by providing doctors and with aid in tracing persons contacted by Mr. Hodzaj.

Because of the growing number of possible contacts with Mr. Hodzaj, authorities are preparing new isolation quarters when the present facility at Riensberg is full.

Meanwhile, the death toll in Yugoslavia's smallpox outbreak rose to nine today as two more deaths were reported in Belgrade.

W. Berliners Flock to East; Reunions Are Joyous, Tearful

(Continued from Page 1)

over the upcoming holiday weekend.

The big crush, they predicted, will begin on Friday and continue through Monday. During those days, all businesses and factories in West Berlin will be closed for the holidays.

Lines Form Early
Still, there were many who elected not to wait. Some were lined up when the check points opened before dawn. Many, after gaining entry to East Berlin so early, were dismayed to find that their relatives, not expecting them for several hours, were not on hand to meet them.

But, when a familiar face was spotted in the anxiously waiting crowds of East Germans, the resultant reunions invariably had a warmth that even the chill March wind and rain could not dampen.

Elsa Schiller, a West Berlin housewife who left the East 14 years ago and who had not seen her family there since Easter of 1956, was swept into the arms of her brother, Klaus.

After hugging and kissing her repeatedly, he turned to the tall, long-haired 16-year-old at her side, exclaiming: "But this can't be your son Hans. He was such a little boy when I saw him the last time. This is a man, not a boy. He can't be Hans."

No Incidents Reported
Here and there, a reunited group would stop to tell reporters how happy they were, to express hopes that the visits would continue and to praise the police for their courtesy. This was noncommittal.

The king conferred for 90 minutes with President Nixon early yesterday, then had a working lunch with Secretary of State William P. Rogers that lasted nearly three hours. He ended the day attending a working dinner offered by the President at the White House.

Asked for Mr. Rogers' reaction to Hussein's announced plans for a federation of the East and West Banks of the Jordan River, an official said: "This is something on which we have declined to comment publicly and I will decline to characterize the secretary's reaction."

GOOD FRIDAY
ECUMENICAL SERVICE 10-11 p.m.
Meditations on the Seven Last Words from the Cross by clergy of the American Catholic, the American Church, The Church of Scotland, The Methodist Church, St. George's and St. Michael's Anglican Churches, Saint-Pierre de Chaillet, Roman Catholic Church.
All invited—Come and go as you see.
MADRID: THURSDAY, 5:30, 10:30, 6 p.m.
EASTERN SUNRISE, 8:30, 10:30.
AMERICAN CATHEDRAL
23 Ave. George V
Metro: George V-Alma-Marcas



CASUALTY—A wounded Viet Cong on stretcher next to stack of rifles, awaiting evacuation by helicopter to a hospital after a South Vietnamese attack on a large enemy supply dump northeast of Kompong Trach in eastern Cambodia.

Saigon Troops Retake Base Near A Shau After 18 Months

SAIGON, March 29 (UPI).—South Vietnamese troops backed by U.S. jets today captured an abandoned U.S. artillery base occupied by Communist forces on a hilltop near Hue overlooking the A Shau Valley.

Field reports said a company of about 120 North Vietnamese troops had occupied the heavily bunkered hilltop in recent months. It was known as Artillery Base Veguel until abandoned by allied troops a year and a half ago.

The attacking infantrymen climbed up the hilltop, that had been battered by B-52 bombers, and rushed the surprised defenders.

Military spokesmen in Saigon said the battle lasted for eight hours and when the smoke cleared 52 bodies of Communist soldiers were found.

U.S. spokesmen and field reports said four Americans were killed and six were wounded today in fighting and accidents around Saigon and near the A Shau Valley.

Communist forces unleashed 21 rocket and mortar attacks between 6 a.m. yesterday and the same time today against government outposts across the country. The heaviest shelling was against Saigon's northern defense line.

Massed for a Push
In other war action, South Vietnamese forces battled guerrillas in the hills of the Central Highlands and massed for a new push into eastern Cambodia's rubber area.

The South Vietnamese Command reported a total of 144 guerrillas slain between 6 a.m. yesterday and 6 p.m.

SAIGON, March 29 (Reuters).—Six students were sentenced by a military court to a total 39 months in jail today for tearing up President Nguyen Van Thieu's election posters last October and setting fire to American-owned cars.

They went on trial as 30 students demonstrated against the arrest and imprisonment of 72 student leaders—some held since 1968—on charges of sabotaging national security.

SAIGON, March 29 (UPI).—The United States is now in intermittent contact with the Chinese through meetings between the Philippine Episcopal Bishops, John A. Allen, Joseph Brown, John Malinowski, Joseph Miller, Helen K. Scholz and Seymour Scholz. All are long-time peace activists in the Philippines area.

Human Conservation
In acknowledging the plaintiffs' justification for the case, the judge called the war a "human conservation issue" which "necessarily causes some threat to the personal safety and security of all citizens."

Another reason for granting the plaintiffs' standing, the judge said, was that the war has been economic and non-economic impact upon all citizens.

Judge Lord said that suits against officers of the government are permitted if the officers are sued for actions that are alleged to be violations of the Constitution, even though the official may have received authority from the legislature.

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Suit Approved By U.S. Judge To Halt War

PHILADELPHIA, March 29 (AP).—A federal judge refused yesterday to block government funds for the Vietnam war.

District Judge Joseph S. Lord 3d said that the claim by seven peace activists that the war is unconstitutional "is not so in substantial as to warrant dismissal," as the government had requested.

He added: "The citizen's interest in having his nation free of war was the very one being considered when the Constitution was written, vesting the power to authorize war with the Congress, rather than the President."

Judge Lord also granted the plaintiffs' request to convene a three-judge panel to hear the case. He passed that request along to the Third U.S. Circuit Court of Appeals.

The suit, seeking a permanent injunction against funding of the conflict, claims that the war has been prosecuted without the necessary congressional declaration of war. Therefore, it says, conduct of the war violates the Constitution, various treaties and international law.

Lord's Target
Defense Secretary Melvin R. Laird is named as defendant. President Nixon had also been named a defendant, but in January Judge Lord granted a government petition to dismiss the charge against the President.

The judge rejected several arguments which the government brought in favor of dismissing the case, including assertions that the government was actually being sued and that this was forbidden unless the government consents, and that the plaintiffs lacked standing to bring such a suit.

To the government claim that the suit involved a political question outside the realm of judicial power, the judge replied that he had no power to decide such an issue. He encouraged the government to bring up the argument when the case reaches the three-judge appeals panel.

The suit was filed by the Rev. David Greide, urban minister for the Philadelphia Episcopal Diocese; John A. Allen, Joseph Brown, John Malinowski, Joseph Miller, Helen K. Scholz and Seymour Scholz. All are long-time peace activists in the Philadelphia area.

Human Conservation
In acknowledging the plaintiffs' justification for the case, the judge called the war a "human conservation issue" which "necessarily causes some threat to the personal safety and security of all citizens."

Another reason for granting the plaintiffs' standing, the judge said, was that the war has been economic and non-economic impact upon all citizens.

Judge Lord said that suits against officers of the government are permitted if the officers are sued for actions that are alleged to be violations of the Constitution, even though the official may have received authority from the legislature.

Paris Talks Up to U.S., Hanoi Says
(Continued from Page 1)
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Pakistan Reportedly Received U.S.-Built Planes From Arabs

By Malcolm W. Browne

ISLAMABAD, Pakistan, March 29 (UPI).—Military sources disclosed yesterday that the air forces of Libya and Jordan provided American-built combat aircraft to Pakistan during its war with India and that some of these planes were still in Pakistani service.

The main Arab contribution to Pakistan's Air Force, the sources said, appears to have been a number of Northrup F-5 jets provided by Libya. These aircraft, now carrying Pakistani markings, reportedly remain based in Pakistan.

Jordan sent American-built F-104s, the sources added. The United States stopped selling arms to India and Pakistan in 1965 when the two countries fought a three-week war. Since then the United States has continued providing spare parts to Pakistan.

A long-standing objective of Pakistani foreign policy has been the tightening of bonds with other Muslim nations, especially in the Arab world.

Arab military assistance to Pakistan has been partly in recognition for past Pakistani assistance to Arab nations against Israel.

Pakistani pilots have told us flying in a number of different Arab air forces and of actually fighting Israeli planes. Pakistani anti-aircraft units also assisted Jordan during the peak of its latter's conflict with Palestinian guerrillas.

At a recent meeting of the representatives of Islamic nations in Jeddah, Saudi Arabia, Pakistan pledged its support to the Arab world in the latter's struggle with Israel. In return most Arab nations assured Pakistan of support and said they would not extend diplomatic recognition to the Zionist state of Israel.

Anderson Disclosure
After India and Pakistan fought another brief war last December, Jack Anderson, the syndicated columnist in Washington, made public reports of secret White House strategy sessions at which Henry A. Kissinger, President Nixon's national security adviser, reportedly asked whether the United States "had the right" to transfer American arms from Jordan or Saudi Arabia to Pakistan. There have been no disclosures that such U.S.-initiated transfers were ever made.

An American source said yesterday that the United States continued to prohibit the sale of arms to the subcontinent, but that the subject remained under active review.

The United States no longer sells arms to Libya so American policies with respect to that country are not affected.

A number of Libyan pilots were here during the war, but it is believed the Libyan F-5s are currently piloted by Pakistanis.

Professions of Friendship
Yesterday's disclosure, which came simultaneously from a number of military sources, sheds light on President Zulfikar Ali Bhutto's recent special professions of friendship for Libya.

At a public rally in Lahore March 19 the president announced he was renaming Lahore Stadium in honor of Col. Moamer Qadhafi, president of Libya. He did not explain at the time why he was doing so except to speak generally of the friendship Libya had shown Pakistan.

During the war there were un-

ward Heath, that Britain would take over Ulster in an effort to end the strife between Catholic and Protestants.

Catholics welcomed the move because it effectively ended the power of the Stormont Parliament and government, which were seen as a vehicle for discrimination in employment and housing.

Today there were indications that Mr. Faulkner was set on taking a seat in the Westminster Parliament. The British House of Commons has 12 members from Northern Ireland, eight of whom are members of the Unionist party, at least one Unionist has vowed to resign, forcing an election.

"There is a very strong feeling that as leader of the party will out a parliament at the moment he should be at Westminster during the next vital year," said Stratton Mills, a Unionist MP from north Belfast and secretary of the Unionist group in the London Parliament.

The 29th Death
BELFAST, March 29 (UPI).—A powerful bomb planted in a truck parked in downtown Belfast exploded tonight, blowing in the windows of the city main courthouse, a fire station and several office buildings.

There were no casualties, the Army spokesman said.

A woman, badly burned by a gasoline bomb thrown in County Armagh two months ago, died in a hospital today. She became the 29th fatality in 33 months of violence in Northern Ireland.

WEATHER
ALBUQUERQUE... 59 Partly cloudy
AMSTERDAM... 54 Very cloudy
ATLANTA... 57 Very cloudy
ATHENS... 56 Sunny
BEIRUT... 54 Very cloudy
BOMBAY... 54 Very cloudy
BRISBANE... 51 Showers
BUENOS AIRES... 51 Showers
CAIRO... 57 Very cloudy
CASABLANCA... 54 Cloudy
CHICAGO... 58 Showers
COLOMBIA... 57 Very cloudy
DUBLIN... 54 Overcast
GUANGZHOU... 54 Cloudy
HANOI... 54 Cloudy
HONGKONG... 54 Cloudy
JERUSALEM... 54 Cloudy
LONDON... 54 Partly cloudy
LUXEMBOURG... 54 Partly cloudy
MADRID... 54 Partly cloudy
MILAN... 54 Cloudy
MOSCOW... 54 Overcast
NEW YORK... 54 Showers
PARIS... 54 Showers
RIO DE JANEIRO... 54 Partly cloudy
ROME... 54 Cloudy
SOFIA... 54 Partly cloudy
STOCKHOLM... 54 Overcast
TOKYO... 54 Partly cloudy
VIENNA... 54 Partly cloudy
WASHINGTON... 54 Cloudy
YOKOHAMA... 54 Cloudy
U.S. Official temperature and precipitation forecasts for the next 24 hours.

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GOOD FRIDAY

ECUMENICAL SERVICE 10-11 p.m.
Meditations on the Seven Last Words from the Cross by clergy of the American Catholic, the American Church, The Church of Scotland, The Methodist Church, St. George's and St. Michael's Anglican Churches, Saint-Pierre de Chaillet, Roman Catholic Church.
All invited—Come and go as you see.
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Mindszenty Is 80; Church Role Cut

VIENNA, March 29 (UPI).—Jozsef Cardinal Mindszenty today celebrated the 80th birthday that marked the end of his right to vote for the next Pope. It was his first birthday in freedom in 33 years.

Under a 1970 papal decree he lost his right to vote for the next Pope and his right to membership in the various Vatican departments which make up the church's central government. He retains the title of cardinal.

He left Hungary last Sept. 28 after 23 years of imprisonment, house arrest or asylum in the U.S. Embassy in Budapest. The Hungarian Communist regime had not ruled out the possibility that, in addition to rigidity in the Communist negotiating position, Hanoi may launch some major military action before the November elections, to test the results of the Vietnamization program.

Connally Calls Food-Market Executives In For 'Quiet Texas Chat' About Rising Prices

WASHINGTON, March 29 (UPI)—Treasury Secretary John Connally summoned supermarket executives today for a holding down food prices. Senate Democratic leader Mike Mansfield, of Montana, noting that many of his colleagues were increasingly concerned about rising grocery costs because they're catching up from their ives, urged an in-depth Price commission study of the situation.

Mr. Connally, a Texas Democrat and close friend of former President Lyndon B. Johnson, a legendary arm-twister, called in executives of a dozen retail food stores to discuss what he described as a "quiet Texas chat." He asked Virginia Knaus, the resident's consumer-affairs adviser, to attend the meeting. Mr. Knaus, who noted that many had asked to buy meat substitutes and frozen frozen and other processed foods, said, "The secretary going to do some 'law-bombing.'"

The White House said yesterday that Mr. Connally intended to inform the retailers that "we're going to be watching their off-margins and we are going to be watching their pricing policies."

Sen. Mansfield told newsmen that food prices are "very serious" and that "unless something is done, it will get more serious. House prices are outstripping utilities, pensions and wages in any area."

Nader on Profits

WASHINGTON, March 29 (UPI)—Ralph Nader told the Price Commission yesterday that rules allow a "profit surge" in price increases that as cost consumers \$750 million.

Mr. Nader urged the commission to modify rules which allow manufacturers to add their customary profit margin to cost increases and which allow retailers and wholesalers their standard markup.

The commission's rules require that any price increase be justified by increases in costs, but Mr. Nader said the addition of profit margins and markups magnify the amount passed on to consumer.

Angela Davis Calls 'Absurd' Idea She Acted From Passion

By Leroy F. Asstons

SAN JOSE, Calif., March 29 (UPI)—Angela Davis today "utterly fantastic" "utterly absurd" allegations by prosecutor Herbert W. Harris Jr. that her passion for Soledad Brother George Jackson drove her to join a "under-kidnaping plot to free him."

Miss Davis, acting as her own attorney, gave the defense's only opening statement. She spoke in flat, even tone, facing the eight-woman, four-man jury from the rear. Only occasionally did a voice rise with emotion when she spoke of the acquittal of the Soledad Brothers and about Nathan Jackson.

Her aim was clearly to counter Harris's four-hour statement on Monday, in which the prosecutor dined a picture of a woman driven by uncontrollable passion to a single man to participate in a planning of the attempted "sackout" at the Marin County courthouse on Aug. 7, 1970.

Her only goal in that endeavor, which cost four lives, was to "nominate the freedom of George Jackson," said Mr. Harris.

"He (Harris) has transformed a character of this case," said Ms. Davis. "He would have you believe that lurking behind my appearance are sinister notions and passions that know no bounds. This is utterly fantastic, utterly absurd. Yet it is understandable that Mr. Harris said try to take advantage of a fact that I am a woman. Women are supposed to act in passion. This is an example of a chauvinism."

Miss Davis then launched into a long description of her political activities since 1970, emphasizing that they involved not only George Jackson, but the other Soledad Brothers, Huey Newton, the Huggins, Bobby Seale and her "political prisoners."

She said the evidence would demonstrate that these activities



FAMILIAR FACE—Alger Hiss (left), onetime State Department employee jailed for conviction on charges of perjury, appeared on a discussion panel in Harrisburg, Pennsylvania, Wednesday with William Hinton (right), an author, and Eghal Ahmad, one of the seven defendants in the alleged bombing-kidnap conspiracy trial.

Saying Defendants 'Used' Informer

U.S. Sums Up Its Case Against Berrigan 7

By Betty Medsger

HARRISBURG, Pa., March 29 (UPI)—FBI informer Boyd F. Douglas Jr. was an uneducated convict whose criminal character was "used" selfishly by the seven "intellectual" anti-war activists on trial here, the government said yesterday in the summation of its case.

"You might wonder why we didn't bring before you some leading member of the community," assistant prosecutor William M. Connelly said to the jury, "someone with no criminal record, someone with a flawless character, someone who made detailed notes of these events."

"Well, I say to you, we didn't pick the witness," Phil Berrigan picked the witness.

Mr. Connelly named each defendant, contrasting the education of each with what he called the seven years of "penitentiary education" of Douglas, the government's chief witness.

Moving toward the Rev. Philip Berrigan, who was seated with sister Elizabeth McAllister, another defendant, Mr. Connelly said: "And then, finally, there's Philip Berrigan, the priest of peace, whose most famous letter is his kidnap letter—a disparagement of true peace, an obliteration of the distinction between violence and nonviolence."

When Mr. Connelly paused before defendant Eghal Ahmad, he said, "Eghal Ahmad, a scholar, a Ph.D., a teacher and," his voice getting louder, "a plarmer."

The summation included at least eight references to Mr. Ahmad's being the "man behind the scenes" in the alleged conspiracy to kidnap presidential adviser Henry Kissinger, bomb tunnels under federal buildings and raid draft offices.

"These people found good in Boyd Douglas," said Mr. Connelly, as assistant U.S. attorney from Toledo, Ohio, who was re-assigned temporarily to prosecute this case.

"But they didn't use the good in him. They wanted to use his criminal background. And now they come before you and say, 'Oh, find us innocent. Damn Boyd Douglas.'"

"I say to you, don't be a part of that," Mr. Connelly said.

During the four-hour summation, Mr. Connelly read again portions of the 25 letters exchanged by Father Berrigan and Sister McAllister during the summer of 1970 after Father Berrigan went to prison to begin a six-year sentence for destruction of Selective Service records. The letters were smuggled by Douglas, who was on a study-release program at nearby Bucknell University, and he turned over copies of the letters to the FBI.

The government argued that the letters, plus Douglas's reports of conversations he says he had with the defendants, make up a conspiracy.

Upon introducing each part of the conspiracy, Mr. Connelly would state that Douglas was not responsible for initiating it. The defense has contended that the informer was an agent-provocateur.

A police spokesman said those arrested would probably be charged with disorderly conduct.

Muskie Says Wallace Serves The Interests of Big Business

MILWAUKEE, March 29 (UPI)—Sen. Edmund S. Muskie has accused George C. Wallace of "serving the big guy," not the average citizen, and urged workingmen to reject the Alabama governor in Wisconsin's presidential primary.

Sen. Muskie sought votes at labor meetings in Milwaukee and Janesville, saying that a "blatant bias toward big business" on the part of the Nixon administration prompted top union leaders to quit the Pay Board.

He told steelworkers in Milwaukee that Gov. Wallace talks about overhauling taxes to benefit the average man "but George Wallace doesn't have any of the right answers."

"The truth is that George Wallace talks about the little guy, but he has spent his entire time in public life serving the big guy," Sen. Muskie said.

Wallace said he didn't want to get into any arguments with Mr. McCarthy and would be happy to talk with him at any time to reconcile their differences. The South Dakota senator denied that he had tried to discourage Illinois Democrats from voting for Mr. McCarthy in that state's March 21 primary.

Elizabeth Holtzman, a 30-year-old Democratic state committee woman, announced that she would challenge Rep. Emanuel Celler, 83-year-old chairman of the House Judiciary Committee, in the June 20 primary in New York.

Miss Holtzman, a graduate of Harvard Law School and founder of the Brooklyn Women's Political Caucus, made it clear that Rep. Celler's age and women's liberation would be among the major issues in her campaign in Brooklyn's 16th Congressional District.

Tax Reform Pledge

The Maine Democrat said that, as President, he would reform the tax structure and curb the power of big corporations.

In other developments:

Former Sen. Eugene McCarthy criticized Sen. George S. McGovern, D., N.D., again yesterday but said that he hadn't asked Wisconsin voters to boycott Sen. McGovern in the Wisconsin presidential primary next Tuesday.

Mr. McCarthy, at a news conference in Madison, said that he had only asked that Sen. McGovern be considered fourth and last among the four Democrats Mr. McCarthy considered worth voting for.

Sen. McGovern said in Milwaukee that he didn't want to get into any arguments with Mr. McCarthy and would be happy to talk with him at any time to reconcile their differences.

Lindsay Short of Funds

MILWAUKEE, March 29.—New York Mayor John Lindsay's financial cupboard is now so bare that staff expenses often go unmet and the "Lindsay television blitz" has had to be canceled.

His staff in Wisconsin, preparing for the Democratic presidential primary on April 4, is an unhappy marriage of local political figures and experts sent in from outside and is torn by conflict.

The financial crunch in Wisconsin has been severe. Staff salaries and expense reimbursements have sometimes run weeks behind, damaging morale and producing bitter arguments.

Mr. Lindsay had intended to



Sen. Edmund Muskie

spend about \$165,000 on media here, according to his staff, almost as much as the \$170,000 he spent in Florida. Instead, he is now committed to only about \$15,000, a "very light buy" even in this comparatively small state.

House Passes \$24.6-Billion Pollution Bill

WASHINGTON, March 29 (UPI)—The House of Representatives voted today to set a goal of pollution-free waters by 1985 and authorize stringent limits on pollution discharges as part of a \$24.6-billion program that would have enormous impact on American industry.

The vote was 378 to 140.

Sponsors of the 217-page bill, accompanied by a 424-page committee report, said it was the most expensive and comprehensive environment measure ever adopted by the House. Critics complained that it sets a less rigid timetable than was approved by the Senate.

A House-Senate conference committee will have to work out a compromise.

Passage came after three days of debate during which a coalition of members backed by 25 consumer, labor and environment groups was rebuffed repeatedly in attempts to strengthen the bill in line with the Senate legislation.

A key feature of the House measure provides that Congress shall vote again in two years on the 1985 goal and on the discharge limits set for 1981 after the National Academy of Sciences reviews the economic impact.

Supporters of the bill, which emerged virtually unchanged despite the long amending process, said the study was needed because of estimates that it could cost industry and federal, state and local governments billions of dollars to implement the prohibition on discharges.

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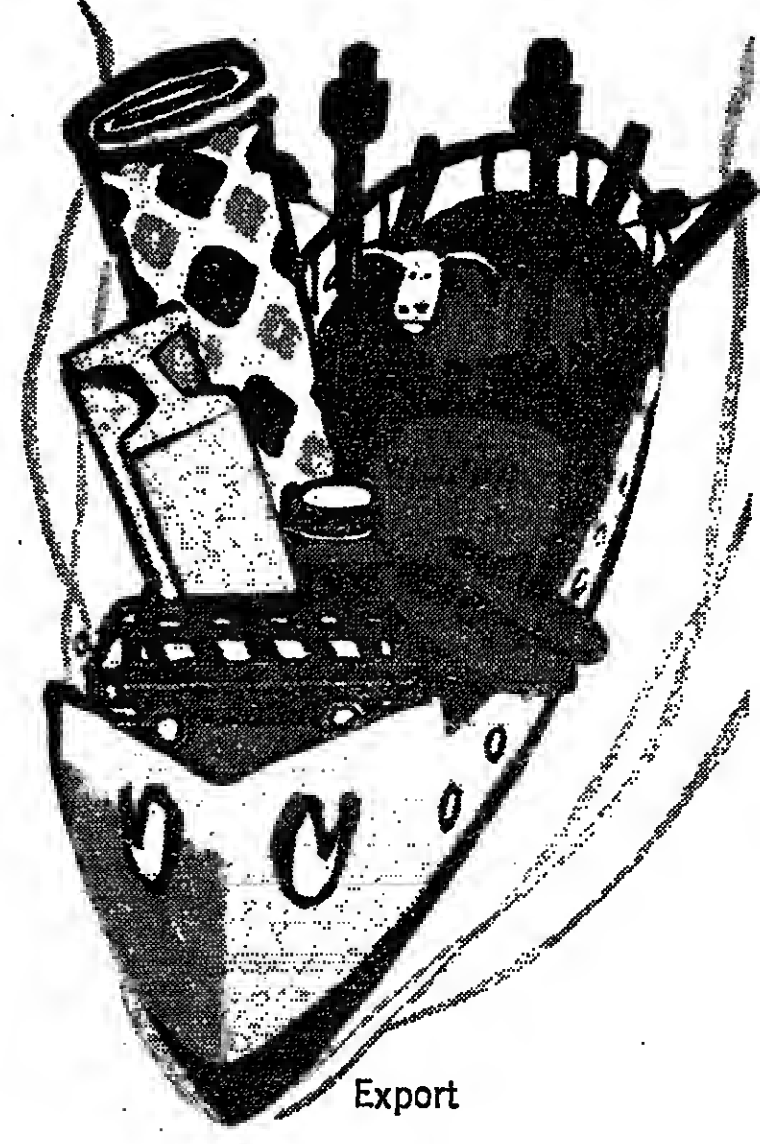
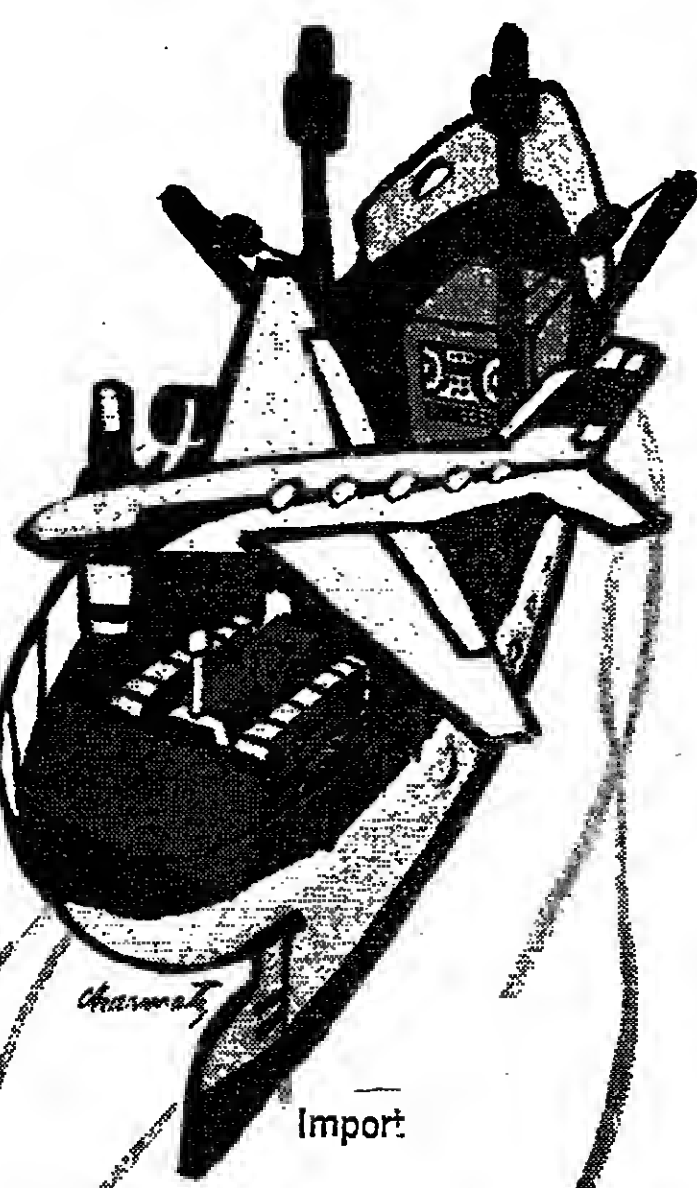
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Fewer in U.S. Military

WASHINGTON, March 29 (UPI)—The Pentagon reports there are 2,225,051 men and women in uniform—the lowest figure since the Korean war buildup of 1950. Another 70,000 men are scheduled to be cut from the military during the next 15 months. When the cutback is completed, the administration will have reduced military strength by 1.2 million uniformed jobs since President Nixon took office.

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Laird Predicts Testing Soon By Russians of a New ICBM

By William Beecher

PORT HOOD, Texas, March 29 (AP).—Secretary of Defense Melvin R. Laird has predicted that the Soviet test firings soon of new intercontinental ballistic missiles.

Such tests would dispel the mystery surrounding the recent construction of between 80 and 100 very large Soviet missile silos. Defense and other administration officials have speculated that the silos were designed for either advanced versions of the existing SS-9 and SS-11 ICBMs or for entirely new missiles.

Asked at a news conference Monday here what significance he attached to the fact that the Russians apparently have stopped construction of older-type missiles and have not dug any additional large new silos for several months, he said:

"From time to time in the past the Russians have stopped 'new starts' on missile silos for periods of from nine to 14 months, while completing work on construction already under way."

"Peaks and Valleys" There have been numerous "peaks and valleys," he said, in the Russian missile buildup program. He suggested the present valley did not, to him, carry special significance.

Asked whether the Soviets will test "fairly soon" the missiles

expected to be installed in the large new silos, he declared: "The answer to that is yes."

Asked to elucidate, he said: "No."

It is known that intelligence analysts in Washington estimate the Soviet Union is prepared for test launchings "imminently" from the missile test center at Tyuratam, in the central Asian republic of Kazakhstan.

At the time the new design silos first were spotted at several different operational missile complexes in the Soviet Union, identical new silos were built concurrently at Tyuratam. Construction on the new silos is reported to have begun in late 1970.

Familiar Pattern Analysts pointed out that such a pattern is familiar. They said that in the case of two previous missile programs, those of the SS-11 and SS-9, the Soviets built new operational silos and new test silos at the same time. Then, after a number of test launches from Tyuratam, they quickly deployed the new missiles, thus saving time.

Some analysts in Washington believe the Russians may decide to begin their test firings just before President Nixon arrives in Moscow in late May "to strengthen their bargaining position."

The President has said he hopes



Melvin R. Laird

to be able to sign a first-round strategic arms limitation agreement, limiting deployment of defensive missiles and some offensive missiles, during that trip.

Other Washington analysts believe the Soviet Union will delay tests not only until after the President's Moscow trip, but possibly until after the presidential elections in November.

This school of thought argues that tests of more effective new missiles by the Russians would strengthen the hand of the President, who seeks congressional authorization for a new generation of missile submarines, and weaken those Democratic presidential hopefuls who have criticized this proposal as fueling a further arms race.

Envoy Explains Flight Incident

Watson Denies Drunkenness, Blames Fatigue for Rudeness

WASHINGTON, March 29 (AP).—Arthur K. Watson, U.S. Ambassador to France, says that a report that he got boisterously drunk on a flight from Paris to New York was exaggerated. But he concedes that he was rude to crew members.

In a letter to Rep. Wayne J. Hays, D., Ohio, chairman of a House Foreign Affairs subcommittee, Mr. Watson said that he took two sleeping pills and ordered several drinks during the flight on March 9 but denied that he was intoxicated.

"The most that one could say is that I was exceedingly, and I think uncharacteristically, rude," Mr. Watson told Rep. Hays.

Rep. Hays, whose subcommittee had considered investigating the episode first reported by columnist Jack Anderson, read excerpts from Mr. Watson's letter at a news conference yesterday.

The letter was prompted by Rep. Hays's suggestion to the State Department that Mr. Watson resign, write a letter of apology or testify at a public hearing.

In the letter, Mr. Watson said that he boarded the plane after working all night and took two sleeping pills in an effort to relax. When the pills didn't work, he said, he ordered several drinks. "I was quite tired and, I regret

to say, irritable," Mr. Watson said. "Harsh words were indeed exchanged between me and the crew."

In his column, Mr. Anderson said that Mr. Watson finally passed out after trying to "buy" one of the stewardesses for his teenage son and insulting other crew members.

Rep. Hays said that he had checked with several crew members and they said that Mr. Anderson's column was substantially correct. Rep. Hays said that he has no plans to pursue the matter further.

Call for Probe After Mr. Anderson's report, Rep. Hays had called for an investigation of the incident, citing initial White House indications that talks between the United States and China on trade and cultural matters would be channeled through the two countries' ambassadors to France.

Sen. J. William Fulbright, chairman of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee, last week said that Secretary of State William P. Rogers told him at a closed hearing that Mr. Watson "was never intended to be the negotiator." Sen. Fulbright quoted Mr. Rogers as saying that the talks will be handled by U.S. experts in Far Eastern affairs.

Malays Fearful As Frogs Fight

PENANG, Malaysia, March 29 (AP).—Two species of frogs battled for five hours Sunday, an event local residents believe portends a coming disaster but which zoologists say is a tussle for breeding grounds.

A local fisherman said dark-brown and yellow-skinned species were involved. About 70 died in the battle.

Residents said floods struck the area early last year, taking some 50 lives, following a frog battle.

23 Nations Sign Pact On Spacecraft Liability

MOSCOW, March 29 (AP).—A United Nations convention on liability for damage caused by spacecraft was signed here today by representatives of 23 countries.

The convention, approved by the United Nations in November, was signed by Foreign Minister Andrei A. Gromyko for the Soviet Union, Ambassador Jacob D. Beam for the United States and Ambassador Sir John Killick for Britain.

Among UN members absent were China, France and Japan.

Navy Urged to Spend Faster So Budget Won't Be Reduced

By Morton Mintz

WASHINGTON, March 29 (AP).—The Navy's top admiral urged key commands last month to hurry up and spend \$400 million by June 30 lest their budget for the fiscal year starting July 1 be sharply reduced by Congress, it was disclosed yesterday.

Adm. Elmo R. Zumwalt, chief of naval operations, made the appeal on Feb. 9 in an unclassified message to Adm. Isaac C. Kidd, chief of Navy material, and sent information copies to nine other top officers.

Sen. William Proxmire, D., Wis., saying he was "informed" that Adm. Zumwalt was carrying out policy for all of the armed services made "at the very highest level of government," obtained the Zumwalt directive and presented it at a hearing of his joint economic subcommittee.

Ideas Listed Sen. Proxmire also produced a memo of Feb. 18 in which the Navy ships systems command, seeking to implement the Zumwalt directive, listed specific ideas for "expenditure acceleration."

The senator charged that the "shocking" memos reveal that the military is doing its best to "spend, spend, spend" and, as shown by the \$38-billion budget

deficit, is winning the battle against those who try to economize.

Sen. Proxmire said the Zumwalt memo exposed a desire to "get rid of money" and "play games" with the taxpayers and Congress.

But Adm. Kidd said that the Zumwalt directive could save money for the taxpayers in the long run, especially because inflation will make postponed purchases cost more later.

Adm. Zumwalt said in the directive that President Nixon, in his January budget message, has set revised Navy "outlay targets" for fiscal 1972 at least \$400 million higher than the "targets" set in the original 1972 budget, year earlier.

Adm. Zumwalt said he "fully appreciated" the difficulty of achieving such a great increase in spending in the remaining months of fiscal 1972. But, he said, in cryptic Navy language

importance of avoiding shortfall in meeting newly established FY (fiscal year) 72 target to avoid resultant adverse effects on anticipated FY 1973 outlay ceilings dictate need for management attention. Anticipate any shortfall in FY 72 outlay target could be translated into program loss under FY 73 ceiling.

Obituaries

Hsieh Fu-chih, 74, Ex-Chief Of Security, Peking Party Aide

PEKING, March 29 (Reuters).—Hsieh Fu-chih, 74, former minister of security and a member of the Communist party Politburo, died a few days ago, a Foreign Ministry spokesman announced today.

Flags flew at half staff throughout the city and many residents of the city wore black armbands. High Chinese officials gathered in the Great Hall of the People in central Peking and a top-level meeting apparently was in progress.

At the time of his death, Mr. Hsieh was chairman of the Peking Municipal Revolutionary Committee and first secretary of the Peking Committee of the Communist party.

Mr. Hsieh figured in the so-called Wuhan incident in July, 1967, during the early days of the cultural revolution. He and Wang Li, party propaganda minister, were seized by the military commander of Wuhan and a local force known as the Million Heroes group.

They were held for four days and released only on the personal intervention of Premier Chou En-lai, who went to Wuhan from Peking.

In May of last year, he was appointed first secretary of the newly formed Peking Committee in what was seen as a singular mark of esteem.

During the cultural revolution, Mr. Hsieh came under attack from militants for his moderate line and was not seen in public for long periods. His appointment as head of the Peking committee, however, was a clear indication that he had emerged from the cultural revolution in a position of strength.

He had not played an active role in affairs of the Politburo. Mr. Hsieh was one of the most widely traveled members of the Chinese government and was associated with Premier Chou for a considerable time.

Joseph Paul-Boncour

PARIS, March 29 (UPI).—Joseph Paul-Boncour, 89, who served many times as foreign minister and once as premier before World War II, died here last night, Radical Socialist party sources said today.

Mr. Paul-Boncour was one of the few surviving members of the group of 80 National Assembly and Senate members who voted against Marshal Philippe Petain's bid for power after France's collapse in 1940.

He served as premier from December, 1932, to February, 1933, and as foreign minister in the Daladier, Sarraut and Chautemps cabinets in 1933 and 1934. His last cabinet post was in the Popular Front cabinet of Premier Leon Blum. Mr. Paul-Boncour also served for many years as France's delegate to the League of Nations.

Dr. Benedict Cassen

SANTA MONICA, Calif., March 29 (AP).—Dr. Benedict Cassen, 69, developer of the first nuclear device to scan internal organs and an internationally known authority on nuclear medicine, died yesterday here after an apparent heart attack.

Dr. Cassen, emeritus professor of biophysics at the University of California at Los Angeles, received the Distinguished Scientist Award from the Society of Nuclear Medicine for his device in 1970.

Techniques Dr. Cassen developed are now used throughout the world to diagnose disorders of the

heart, thyroid, liver, lungs, brain and kidneys.

Adm. Louis E. Denfeld

WESTBORO, Mass., March 29 (AP).—Adm. Louis E. Denfeld, 80, who was chief of naval operations when he retired from the Navy in 1950, died last night at his home here.

A 1912 graduate of the U.S. Naval Academy, Adm. Denfeld served in both world wars and the Korean conflict. His service was chiefly in destroyers and battleships.

At the end of World War II, he was chief of the Bureau of Naval Personnel with the rank of vice-admiral.

In 1947, he succeeded Fleet Adm. Chester W. Nimitz as chief of naval operations.

Owen J. (Donie) Bush

INDIANAPOLIS, March 29 (AP).—Owen J. (Donie) Bush, 83, who batted ahead of Ty Cobb in the Detroit Tigers lineup for 13 years and managed four major league baseball clubs, died yesterday. He became ill two weeks ago while visiting spring training camps in Florida.

Bush started his major league career with the Detroit Tigers on their 1908 championship team and was the Tigers' regular shortstop for 14 years. He went to the Washington Senators as a player in 1921 and managed the team in 1923.

In his next stint as general manager, he piloted the 1927 Pittsburgh Pirates to the National League pennant. He managed the Pirates for two more years, then in 1930 took the helm of the Chicago White Sox. In 1933 he became manager of the Cincinnati Reds.

Bush compiled a lifetime batting average of .250 and scored an average 100 runs a season while in the majors.

He batted ahead of Ty Cobb in the Tigers line-up from 1908 to 1921, and in 1917 beat out Cobb for most runs scored that season in the American League. Cobb had been the leader five times.

Toni Bevilacqua

MESTRE, Italy, March 29 (AP).—Toni Bevilacqua, 53, former world professional bicycle pursuit champion, died today following injuries he suffered in a road accident last week.

Mr. Bevilacqua, who retired from professional competitions in 1953, lost his balance when his bicycle grazed a pedestrian during a practice road run near here Friday. He had been in a coma since then.

Mr. Bevilacqua was an international cycling star from 1949 through 1951. He won the Italian professional pursuit championship three times and the world championship in 1950 and 1951. He also won several major Italian open road races.

3d Delay Backed For Italy's VAT

BRUSSELS, March 29 (AP).—The Common Market executive today approved a new delay—the third—in Italy's application of the value-added tax (VAT).

The decision to defer the tax until Jan. 1 still must go before the Common Market Council of Ministers in Luxembourg April 24-25. The commission called the situation "completely exceptional." Italy said the government's resignation and early elections in May made it impossible to implement the tax by July 1.

The other five members of the Common Market have already introduced the tax, which is applied to the value added by each businessman or firm as a product passes through his hands. The countries which have adopted the VAT most recently—Belgium and the Netherlands—have had considerable price increases as a result.

All the major airlines can offer you this.



DEATH NOTICE

Mrs. Marilyn Ann ("Bonnie") MARL died in Madrid on Friday, March 24th. She and her husband George J. MARL, Deputy Managing Director of General Tire in Spain, had been long-time residents of Europe and South America. Mrs. MARL will be buried in New Jersey.

ALL INFORMATION

Salmonella Poisonings Cited

Suit Asks U.S. Label Meats As Possible Germ Carriers

WASHINGTON, March 29 (AP)—The American Public Health Association has sued the government to force removal of the "U.S. Inspected for Wholesomeness" seal on fresh meat and the substitution of warnings that the meat may contain germs.

The association cited the Agriculture Department's own publications as saying, "Food poisoning ranks second only to the common cold as the most frequent cause of illness in this country."

The suit complained that the Agriculture Department affixes the wholesomeness label to meat despite the fact that inspectors do not check meat for the presence of micro-organisms like salmonella, the leading cause of food poisoning.

A New England Journal of Medicine study found salmonella germs in 50.8 percent of the government-inspected poultry checked. The Public Health Service estimates that two million Americans are stricken every year with the fever, vomiting, cramps or headaches of food poisoning.

Most persons recover quickly. The aged and the very young can die. The Food and Drug Administration attributed nearly 100

deaths to food-borne salmonella poisoning in 1970, the suit alleged. Salmonella is destroyed by cooking, but improper handling—failure of a cook to wash after handling raw meat—can result in contamination of unpickled foods.

Detection of salmonella requires laboratory tests, which the Agriculture Department says cannot be performed in the routine inspection process.

The health association petition did not propose any specific wording for warning labels, nor did it offer an alternative to replace the "U.S. Inspected for Wholesomeness" seal.

"The vast majority of the public barely know that salmonella organisms exist," argued the suit, filed in U.S. District Court.

"They are not aware of the food in which salmonella is most likely to be present, what symptoms it produces in humans, under what conditions it multiplies, and how it may be controlled by the consumer or employee who handles and prepares the food for consumption."

The American Public Health Association is composed of federal, state and local public-health officials.

U.S. Publishes a Master List Of Food Contamination Limits

By Harold M. Schmeck Jr.

WASHINGTON, March 29 (NYT)—The Food and Drug Administration has made public a master list of food contamination limits that puts upper bounds on such unwanted ingredients as rodent hairs in the peanut butter and fruit fly eggs in the tomato juice.

While many Americans might be surprised to learn that the limit is anything above zero in either case, the federal agency maintains that even modern technology cannot eliminate all defects from foods.

"The defect levels set by the commissioner of food and drugs represent a level below which the defect is both unavoidable under current technology and presents no health hazard," said the official announcement published today in the Federal Register.

The limit for peanut butter is an average of 50 insect fragments in a 100-gram sample or two rodent hairs in the same amount.

The rejection point for corn meal comes when one-fifth of the sub-samples in a given sample of the product contain as many as five "rodent pellet fragments" for 50 grams and an additional one-fifth have more than two rodent pellet fragments.

The list covers a broad range

of food products from canned apricots to white fish, fresh and frozen.

Some of the items on the list have had official contamination and defect limits since 1919. None is new, but some of the limits have been reduced as detection methods and the capabilities of food technology have advanced.

Contaminations deemed to involve health hazards are handled separately.

The FDA describes the listings made public yesterday as "defect action levels for natural or unavoidable defects in food for human use that present no health hazard."

When samples are found above the limits, the agency takes action even when there is no evidence of improper food handling or processing. Dr. Virgil O. Woldicka, director of the FDA Bureau of Foods, said at a briefing yesterday. When a plant inspection shows such evidence, the agency may act even at lower levels of contamination.

At present, the FDA has 210 inspectors concerned with food to cover about 60,000 food processing or handling plants. In fiscal 1971, the government made 178 seizures of food products, an increase from 140 the previous year.



FOR FUN—Some people collect things and some people build things, but William Simmons of Windsor, Conn., chops wood as his hobby. He has 150 cords stacked behind his home now, though he often gives it away to friends once it has served his purpose. "Other folks have their gardens," he says, "I like to chop wood."

Discussion Set for Next Week

Senate Panel to Weigh Dropping ITT Probe

By Robert Siner

WASHINGTON, March 29 (NYT)—A Republican motion to end the probe into the fitness of Richard G. Kleindienst to be attorney general in light of the circumstances surrounding the settlement of a billion-dollar anti-trust suit will be discussed and possibly voted on by the Senate Judiciary Committee next Thursday in executive session, Chairman James O. Eastland, D., Miss., ruled today.

Republican National Convention.

Mr. Anderson also accused Mr. Kleindienst and other top administration officials of being involved in the deal.

Sen. Eastland issued his ruling after Sen. Roman Hruska, R., Neb., the ranking Republican on the committee, asked for an immediate executive session. Sen. Eastland explained that he couldn't call the session at once because a quorum was lacking with only seven of the 16 committee members present.

In requesting the closed session, Sen. Hruska said that the hearings should be ended because they are getting nowhere.

"These questions have become repetitious," he declared. "There has been no truth nor competent evidence of any wrongdoing on the part of Mr. Kleindienst. There has been no evidence of any link between the settlement and the Republican convention."

Later, Sen. John V. Tunney, D., Calif., said that he would try during the executive session to widen rather than close off the investigation.

He explained that he would ask that the committee also look into charges made last week by Life magazine, that top California Republicans moved to stop prosecution under the Corrupt Practices Act of a heavy Republican contributor and personal friend of President Nixon and that Mr. Kleindienst had absolved them of any wrongdoing.

After Sen. Eastland's ruling today, the committee heard testimony from ITT president Harold S. Geneen, who was recalled for further questioning after he testified two weeks ago.

Shredding of Papers
The committee also heard testimony today from Howard S. Albel, ITT general counsel, who read a report on the shredding of various documents in ITT's Washington office soon after Mr. Anderson made his charges of a settlement-convention deal.

Mr. Albel told the committee that none of the documents that were destroyed linked the settlement with the San Diego convention and that the only papers concerning San Diego that were destroyed were brochures of the hotels in the city and preliminary convention arrangements for the press. All the documents belonged to ITT lobbyist Mrs. Dora D. Beard.

Mrs. Beard purportedly wrote the memorandum linking the settlement with the convention contribution that was the basis of Mr. Anderson's charges. She has since termed the memo a "hoax" and a "fraud."

The ITT lobbyist has been in a Denver hospital with angina pectoris since the hearings began. Her doctors say that it may be six months before she can return to Washington to testify. An attempt by a special judiciary subcommittee to question Mrs. Beard in her hospital bed last Sunday ended abruptly when she suffered a new attack.

Mrs. Beard's doctors said today that her condition was much improved and that, if the improvement continued, she might be released from the hospital this weekend.

However, they added that she still would not be able to go to Washington to testify but would remain "where we can watch her for a few weeks and then we'll see what happens."

Jordan Prince With Arsenal Barred From London Takeoff

LONDON, March 29 (AP)—Prince Mohammed, brother of King Hussein of Jordan, was barred today at London airport from boarding a plane to Bermuda when he and his five-man bodyguard were discovered to be carrying an arsenal, which included three submachine guns.

When he was refused access to the British Overseas Airways Corp. plane, the prince stalked out of Heathrow Airport and drove to the Jordanian Embassy. A protest was then sent to the British Foreign Office.

A Foreign Office spokesman said: "We are in touch with the Jordanian government about this at the moment. No arrangements have been made for any of the party to come to the Foreign Office."

The weapons were discovered when the prince's luggage was given a routine check before being put aboard the plane.

Cabinet Shift In Poland to Speed Reform

Premier Announces Change in Parliament

WARSAW, March 29 (Reuters).—Polish Premier Piotr Jaroszewicz made major cabinet changes today, appointing two new deputy premiers, apparently with the aim of speeding up economic reforms promised by the year-old regime of Communist party chief Edward Gierek.

The changes, announced to the Sejm (parliament), reflected the technocratic approach of Mr. Gierek, who has promised to modernize the lagging economy while raising wages and living standards.

They were the latest in a series of changes by the party chief since he took power in December, 1970, after food-price riots which toppled former party leader Wladyslaw Gomulka.

The government today set up three new ministries—for wages and prices, for higher education technology and science, and for environment and land resources.

New Deputy Premiers

The two new deputy premiers are Jacek Tejszma, a leading party liberal and Politburo member, and Kazimierz Olaszewski, who was moved from his post as minister of foreign trade.

Mr. Tejszma, 44, a close associate of Mr. Gierek, was unexpectedly dropped from his key position as Central Committee secretary in charge of culture and foreign relations, especially with other Communist countries and parties.

Official sources said that Mr. Tejszma, regarded as the architect of the new regime's policy of easing restrictions on cultural life, is likely to play a key role in implementing Mr. Gierek's reforms.

In general elections to parliament last week, Poles endorsed Mr. Gierek's reform program but expressed an unexpected degree of discontent, apparently at the slow pace of the promised changes.

Paris Envoy

Observers attached little importance to the appointment of Mr. Olaszewski as deputy premier. He was replaced by Tadeusz Olechowski, Poland's ambassador in Paris, as foreign trade minister.

Of the other changes, the most important was the appointment of Prof. Jan Kaczmarek as minister of higher education, science and technology. He is head of the scientific section of the Academy of Sciences.

Prof. Kaczmarek's ministry is a new creation, characteristic of Mr. Gierek's emphasis on the need to modernize Polish industry by raising standards of production and technology.

Previously there was only one education ministry, headed by Prof. Henryk Jablonski, who was yesterday elected Poland's new head of state. He replaced party veteran Jozef Cyrankiewicz.

A second education ministry was established to deal only with primary and secondary education. It is headed by Jerzy Kuberki, a Warsaw party official and a teacher by profession.

Other Changes

Other changes included Marian Sliwinski, who replaced Mr. Jan Koszowski at the Health Ministry, and Wincenty Kawaler as wages, labor and social-welfare minister.

The establishment of a special ministry for wages and labor was in line with Mr. Gierek's stress on higher living standards and better working conditions—demands made by the workers who rioted in the northern ports of Gdansk, Gdynia and Szczecin in December, 1970.

On the foreign-policy front, Mr. Jaroszewicz told the Sejm his government will shortly submit its nonaggression treaty with Bonn for ratification.

He warned the West German Christian Democratic party, which opposes the treaty and a similar one with Moscow, that ratification is the only way to normalize Germany's relations with Eastern Europe.

Mr. Jaroszewicz also announced that a government delegation will go to France in the early autumn on a visit of "friendship and cooperation."

Only JAL offers you this.

From April, JAL's unique 747s take off on their first flights from Europe to Tokyo. Technically, they're the same as every other airline's 747s. They have the same incredible avionic equipment and fantastic amount of passenger space that make a 747 the fastest and most comfortable form of flying there is.

But, where ours differ from everybody else's, is in what we've done to the inside. There, you'll find an expression of refined order and serene tranquility.

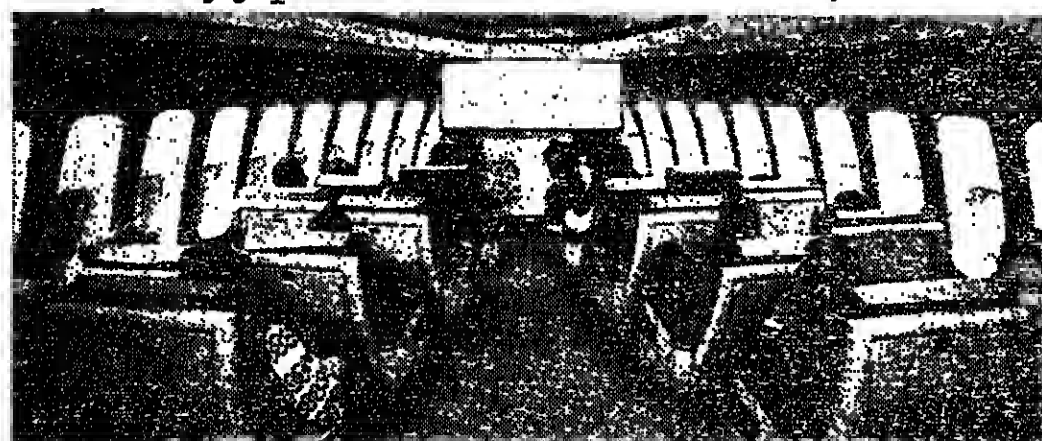
Everything that reflects one of our country's most aesthetic pleasures—the Japanese garden. And not unnaturally, that's why we've called them 747 Garden Jets.

In Economy Class, for example, you can relax in the mellow warmth of the Garden of Red Maple. Or, stroll through the Garden of Wild Orange, and you'll see its bittersweet blooms that are forever in blossom. In the Garden of Pine, you'll find trees that grow up to 30,000 feet high. In First Class, in the Garden of Wisteria, you're in the most luxurious and exclusive summerhouse in the world. And in this Garden in the Sky you're surrounded by an elegant harmony of shapes and forms. Everything, from swizzle sticks to napkins and chinaware, has been designed to blend into one exquisite unity. And throughout your flight you'll be pampered by other delightfully different examples of Japanese



care and hospitality. Tingling oshibori towels, delicious osumami delicacies, colourful happi coats are just a few to remember. And if our warm-hearted sake makes you laugh too much, you can always choose from our list of vintage wines or your favourite brands of whisky-Scotch, of course!

You also have a choice of cuisine—traditionally Japanese or International. In fact, whatever



We propose among other movies, a Samurai festival. Have you seen a Mizoguchi movie?

you want, your hostess in kimono is there to see that your wish is quite simply her command. Not that she considers serving you a duty. For her it is an honour. Because in Japanese, the word for passenger is the same as guest. This, and her instinctive ability to anticipate requests before they are made have given JAL the reputation for the best in-flight service in the world.

Fly JAL's 747 Garden Jet and you'll enjoy not just an aircraft, but a unique experience and a distinctive atmosphere. And from then onwards, the pleasure will be all yours.

The Garden Jet—makes flying a pleasure again

747 GARDEN Jet

JAPAN AIR LINES



All the chinaware has been created by the renowned Japanese designer Kohbei Kato.

*IATA requires a small charge for the hire of audio equipment.

Mr. Mintoff Gets Malta's Price

Dom Mintoff, Prime Minister of Malta, is quite a bargainer. It took him a year and a series of feints to his left, toward an oblique Russia, Libya and China. But he ended up getting the British to triple the rent they (and NATO) pay for use of British bases on the island. He got a seven-year lease, a term which should give Malta time to reduce its economic dependence on the bases. And he moved significantly nearer his goal of establishing the former British colony's "neutrality": The new agreement does not identify Malta as a NATO base, though NATO ships may dock and it precludes Soviet use of Malta's military facilities. This last point was of special interest to the British, whose willingness to accept the deal can otherwise be attributed chiefly to an appropriate regard for Malta's traditional friendship and for the economic straits it would be in without the bases. Malta is small, scarcely the size of the District of Columbia; Mr. Mintoff's political base is the labor unions and he could not easily take from them 6,000 jobs.

The Maltese negotiations have not been so important for themselves (except, of course, for the Maltese) as for the light

they throw on new strategic conditions in the Mediterranean. Moscow's decision to follow the American example in conducting naval diplomacy there, coming as it did during a period of protracted tension in the Mideast, has given the sea a strategic importance it lacked while the Russian Navy was small and the Mideast was relatively quiet. One result has been a rising interest in "neutrality" among those littoral or island states which see political risk, if also some economic advantage, in big-power naval competition. Other states—Greece in respect to Washington, Egypt in respect to Moscow—have reacted by consolidating their naval links with one or another big power. "The Mediterranean," to be sure, is not one region but many. Malta's particular policy will not serve or satisfy all states in and on the sea. As it intensifies, however, Soviet-American naval rivalry increasingly is the common factor by which their policies are defined.

As Europe seems to become more settled, the Mediterranean seems to become less so. It is a contradiction which Mr. Nixon and Mr. Brezhnev might usefully address in Moscow.

THE WASHINGTON POST.

Haiti Holds Out a Hand

Smiling and with extended hand, Haiti's effective ruler, former Papa Doc consort Luckner Cambronne, has come to Washington, met with American officials and the international banks and gone home declaring himself "extremely pleased" with the "understanding" he received. The basis of his satisfaction, in terms of immediate new money, seems to be slight. Haiti has immense needs but, because of the blight of the late Dr. François Duvalier, few projects are ready to be "banked." Nonetheless there are hints of change.

Minister of Defense and Interior, Mr. Cambronne was chief of thuggery and shake-downs for Papa Doc until he died a year ago. Improbable as it may seem, he has assumed a dominant but not tyrannical position in the regime of Papa Doc's anointed successor, his son, President-for-life Jean-Claude (Baby Doc) Duvalier, who is now 20. The tight control remains, the savagery seems to have abated. Mr. Cambronne and the new president have promised amnesty to Haiti's political exiles, a large group including an ousted share of the country's available talents. One who returned, Cloris Charlot, died shortly thereafter of what Mr. Cambronne described at his Washington press conference as an unspecified disease. But hundreds of returnees are safely at home, and at work.

Haiti's own "disease" is more readily specified: Duvalier's criminal misrule, which left his nation of now five million mostly wretched and illiterate peasants more bereft than they had been before. There are, for instance, only an estimated 100,000 jobs in the country's money economy. But in the year since his father's death, Jean-Claude Duvalier has presided over some beginnings of economic change: A quickie divorce law to encourage tourism, a greater readiness to offer American investors what our own Commerce Department delicately calls "access to an inexpensive nearby labor force," and a considerable public relations effort capped by Minister Cambronne's sojourn in Washington. The international banks are watching with interest.

The American ambassador in Port-au-Prince, Clinton E. Knox, widely known as a booster of Jean-Claude Duvalier, is said to have urged a renewal of major support for the black Caribbean republic; no substantial American aid has flowed there in 10 years. Whether the current Haitian government is competent to serve its people's needs is, however, yet to be demonstrated. A larger question is what is the correct development strategy for a country so backward, poor and overpopulated as Haiti.

THE WASHINGTON POST.

'New Life' at the UN

The appointment of Rep. F. Bradford Morse, R., Mass., to be an under secretary-general of the United Nations arouses mixed feelings. As top-ranking American in the UN Secretariat, Mr. Morse will be replacing the late Ralph J. Bunche though his duties will not be identical with Mr. Bunche's. Many at Turtle Bay and elsewhere will regret that President Nixon did not designate an experienced diplomat for the post.

Another cause for regret at home will be the further depletion of the ranks of liberal, internationalist Republicans in the House, where Mr. Morse had built an impressive record and 12 years of seniority. The qualities that made him an able and useful member of the House and of its Foreign

Affairs Committee will serve Mr. Morse well as under secretary-general for political and General Assembly affairs.

Mr. Morse will be joining the Secretariat under the new secretary-general, Kurt Waldheim, who says he wishes to "breathe new life" into the organization. Mr. Waldheim has offered to the People's Republic of China the job of under secretary-general for political affairs and decolonization and has named the UN's first woman assistant secretary-general—Mrs. Helvi Sipilä of Finland.

With experience, Mr. Morse no doubt will discharge his UN duties with distinction but he will be missed on Capitol Hill.

THE NEW YORK TIMES.

International Opinion

Malta Accord

A satisfactory agreement has at last been signed between Britain and Malta for the continued use of the island's defense facilities. It is disconcerting, however, that NATO should have been thrown into such a prolonged tizzy by Mr. Mintoff's acrobatics. The fear that Russia would win the auction and move in has fortunately been banished—at a price in hard cash. Italy came out badly. Owing to left-wing pressure, it was loath to provide the permanent alternative facilities in Sicily on which NATO had counted. Instead, Italy pressed for acceptance of Mintoff's terms and chipped a few extra millions into the kitty.

—From the Daily Telegraph (London).

The action of Italian diplomacy, strongly encouraged by Washington and NATO, was decisive. Throughout the dealings this diplomacy was always careful not to go it

alone. It always urged interdependence with the Atlantic alliance, associating the United States and West Germany in the quest for technical means of agreement.

Conducting his game like a poker player, waving the Soviet card at one time, the Libyan card at another, Mr. Mintoff appeared, throughout these nine months of arduous negotiations, to be gambling on rivalries among NATO allies. The latter, spurred by Joseph Luns, legitimately worried by the Soviet thrust into the Mediterranean, finally faced up to it with more cohesion than the impetuous Maltese prime minister had expected. If the latter did not really lose the game, the accord signed is in any case a success for NATO that is more than a matter of prestige.

As for Mr. Mintoff, after the disappointments which his attitude toward the miners' strike caused him recently, he is now likely to feel that firmness can pay off.

—From Le Monde (Paris).

In the International Edition

Seventy-Five Years Ago

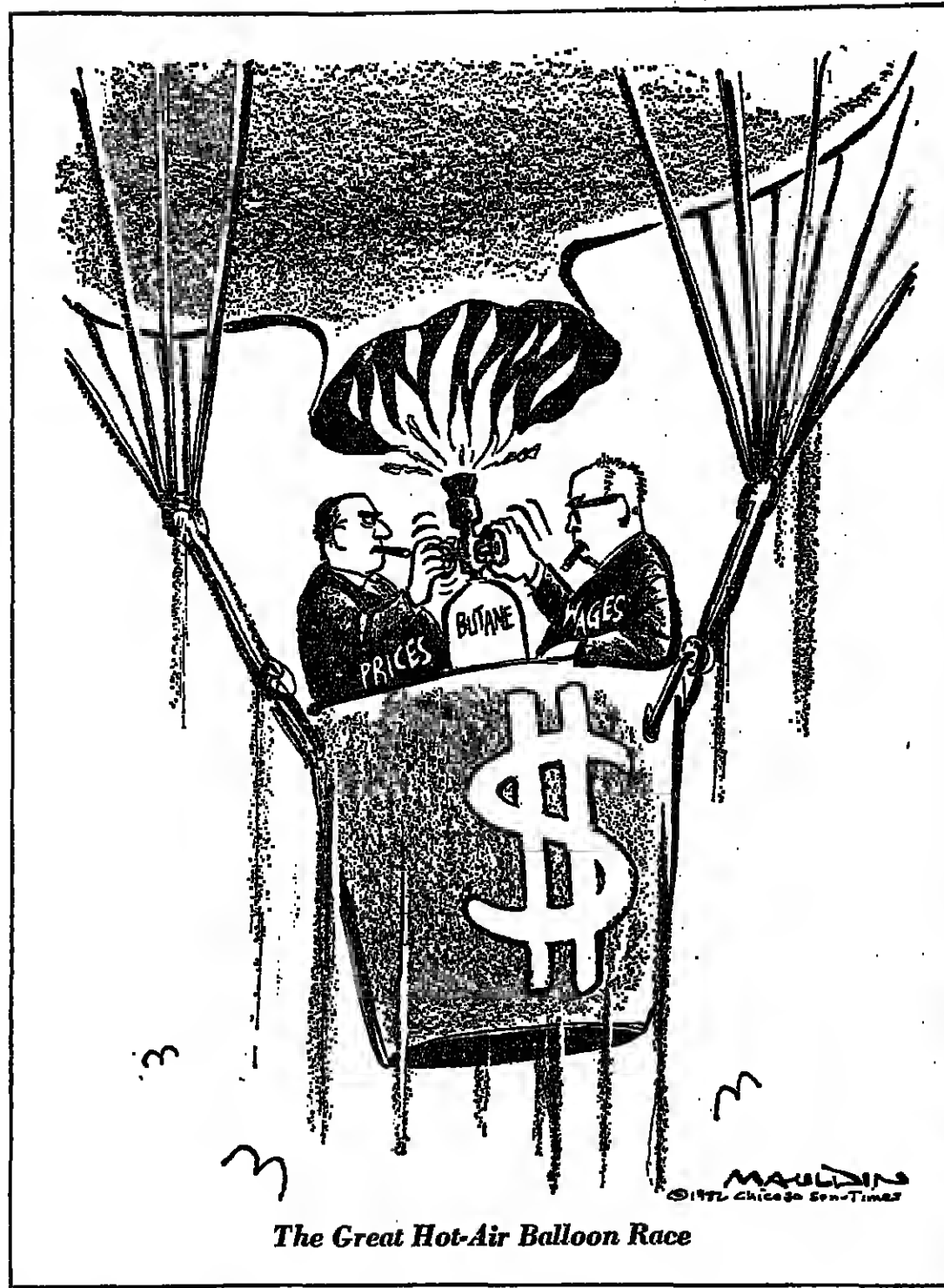
March 30, 1897

PARIS—Proposals for the regulation of autocar traffic have been drawn up by a special committee recently appointed by the government, and now only require the assent of the Council of State to become law. According to the figures, automobiles weighing less than 2,000 kilos, passengers and everything included, will be allowed to proceed at a rate of 20 kilometres the hour in the streets of a town and 30 kilometres in the open country. Heavy autocars will go slower.

Fifty Years Ago

March 30, 1922

NEW YORK—Running the Bible as a "snappy" serial, with an installment every day and lively newspaper headings for every incident, is the original conception of the Topeka (Kansas) Journal. This is the first time that any newspaper in this country has attempted the feat. The story will be presented in brisk form with up-to-date King James English. An example of the heads is that of the Gospel of St. Mark. It reads: "The Good News as Reported by Mark."



Jerusalem: The Enduring Miracle

By James Reston

JERUSALEM—The mood in Jerusalem this Easter week is remarkably calm. The Palm Sunday pilgrims wandered over the story hills of this lovely city in brilliant sunshine, and even the Israeli politicians, who pay little attention to the church bells and singing pilgrims, seem to have acquired a new serenity.

It is now almost five years since the six-day war with the Arab states, and, despite King Hussein's latest peace proposals, the diplomatic stalemate continues. But behind the official propaganda on both sides, there is at least the beginning of some innovative and exploratory thinking about the future.

Both Hussein and the deputy Israeli premier, Yigal Allon, talk about different forms of federation and accommodation, and while their concepts are unacceptable and contradictory, there is now at least open acknowledgment that the present division of power and land must one day be changed, and the possibility of change is now openly discussed, particularly by thoughtful young men and women.

Nightmares Are Over

Also, the nightmares that troubled officials here a year or 18 months ago now seem less apparent. There has always been a vague fear that the United States, for its own worldwide purposes, might make a Middle East accommodation with the Soviet Union at Israel's expense, and some Israeli officials still point to the fate of Nationalist China and Pakistan as evidence that Washington will put its own interests ahead of the interests of its allies. But this is a minor theme now, a mere shadow of an old anxiety, and there is clearly more confidence in the United States here now than there was last Easter.

Moshe Dayan, for example, despite his nervous energy, seems satisfied for the time being that the delivery of the U.S. Phantom jets will be maintained and that no deal will be made in Moscow by President Nixon that would tip the balance of power in the Middle East against Israel. He does not expect that either Moscow or Washington will agree to limit the flow of arms to either side, but that they will concentrate on limiting the danger of a direct U.S.-Soviet military confrontation in the area.

As he sees it, the Soviet Union wants to develop its bases in Egypt and develop its naval power as an instrument of political influence elsewhere in the underdeveloped world, but it is not eager for another round of war that might risk the danger of direct Soviet involvement. It is not particularly happy with the new Egyptian and Libyan governments, and is not even eager to see the Suez Canal opened in the near future.

Dayan does not impress a visitor as being in an expansionist or provocative mood. He does not want to annex a vast Arab population that would dilute the strength of the Jewish majority, yet he can talk generously and philosophically about the need to give the present Arab minority the equal human and political rights they do not now have.

There seems, in short, a kind

of confident settling down here now, a recognition that while nothing is satisfactory and nothing settled, the fears of being abandoned by America or overwhelmed by direct Soviet intervention are no longer as valid as they seemed last year.

The hope is, as Foreign Minister Abba Eban expresses it, that the Arab states, and particularly the Sadat government in Cairo, will eventually realize that they have exhausted the possibilities of regaining by big-power or UN diplomacy everything they lost on the battlefield, and that they will finally realize that agreeing to negotiate with Israel is really a lesser concession than agreeing to a "peace settlement" with Israel, which they have already accepted in public.

Stalemate to Endure

Meanwhile, it is clear that the present uneasy stalemate will endure well beyond the life of the present Israeli government, and that remarkable woman, Premier Golda Meir, now in her 73rd year, persuades a visitor that she is now longing for the freedom of retirement and is eager to see the direction of the state pass to a new generation of Israeli leaders.

Seldom in recent years has she seemed more confident, eloquent, or philosophical than she does now, and it will not be easy to find a successor among the ambitious younger leaders in this volatile political atmosphere, for the weakness of greatness is that it always seems irreplaceable in a crisis. Still, she talks as if she is determined to be liberated. She goes out of her way, despite her suspicions of the "Arabists" in the U.S. State Department, to praise President Nixon for keeping every promise he ever made to her, and with the Washington flank a little more serious, she will undoubtedly have her own way in the end.

In short, Israel is settling down for the long pull. It does not like the present state of siege and constant threats of war, but it has not lived with adversity for nothing. It is growing and changing, with a new and difficult infusion of Soviet Jews to absorb, but it retains a sense of unity and common purpose that are hard to match anywhere else in a divided world.

Letters

'Haphazard Empire'

As a former Peace Corps volunteer in Micronesia, I would like to comment on C. I. Sulzberger's article "Haphazard Empire" (NYT, March 17). The U.S. administration of the Trust Territory is more than just haphazard: It is disgraceful. I was sent to the Marshall Islands "outer island" of Mili with machetes and shovels, and was expected to organize the people to replant rice straight lines of coconut trees on an island pockmarked with bomb craters and strewn with live ammunition and wrecked planes—the legacy of World War II. I once saw a seriously injured man have to wait 10 days before a ship happened by to take him to the hospital in the District Center still, all because our two-way radio—our only link with the District Center—had broken down and we had no spare parts to fix it. On Feb. 1, it was only in 1969, when the first Peace Corps volunteers were sent to the outer islands, that such places finally received two-way radios.

As for the Trust Territory's future, let us hope the interests of

the Micronesians are considered as the United States decides on its "strategic interests" in the area. Most Micronesians are not convinced that the monetary benefits accrued from serving a large military establishment as office workers and domestics is worth the probable destruction of their remaining old values.

ROBERT J. MAURI

Düsseldorf.

Religion in Ulster

The Irish tragedy only points to the meaninglessness of religion today. People of the same race, language and culture, fighting each other to the death over different conceptions of a God that does not exist and never has existed except in man's imagination!

And, concerning national differences, what does "British" mean except Briton, Breton, Celt, which is just the opposite of what the English are, and exactly what the Irish Catholics are?

RAYMOND B. YOUNG JR.
St. Cloud, France.

Prospect of New Politics

Suspending Stormont

By William F. Buckley, Jr.

LONDON—For all that they are groaning about it, it isn't absolutely obvious that the responsible leaders of Ulster are all that much appalled by the dramatic decision of the government of Edward Heath to suspend the Stormont. The disbanding of the Stormont, the "right-wingers" have announced a national strike, have sworn that there will be a great backlash against Westminster but their protests are somehow hollow. It is, after all, difficult for representatives of a people who swear eternal ties to England to take offense at England's decision to take over directly the executive and legislative functions.

In the Irish Republic, there is considerable jubilation. President Jack Lynch instantly announced that he was instructing his ambassador to return to Westminster, in recognition of London's suspension of the parliamentary body which, over the years, has been most directly involved in suppressing the rights and ignoring the interests of the Catholic minority.

There are those who feel that Heath's suspension of Stormont is in effect rewarding the IRA for their bombings and their mayhem by moving in the direction the IRA presumably favors, the direction of lessening the influence of the Orangemen. Even so, Heath did the reasonable thing—advocated, by the way, in this column in the summer of 1970, after a visit to Ulster which suggested that the Catholic minority indeed continue to fear Stormont, but have considerable faith in Westminster. Not for any historic reasons—Westminster has been to Irish freedom over the centuries what the jailer is to the inmate. But Westminster is not nowadays disposed to act as an instrument of oppression, and will almost certainly proceed to come up with a Bill of Rights that will ease the forebodings of the Catholics.

Plebiscite Talk

What upsets the Orangemen is all the talk of plebiscites. Under the terms of the instrument of Irish partition, Northern Ireland cannot secede from Britain except by vote of its parliament. In the absence of a parliament, one assumes that the vote would be that of the people, who are two-thirds Protestant. But the more mention of plebiscite suggests to some Orangemen that unification might be ahead—which it surely does if during the next period of time the majority of the North-

ern Irish should decide that it is better to fall in with the south than to live a life of perpetual terror uncontrollable by the British Army. That, predictably, is the kind of thing the Rev. Ian Paisley and other Ulstermen talked about over the weekend, and the size and strength of the general strike will suggest how effective they have been in organizing the forces of the Protestants.

Meanwhile there are those, Miss Bernadette Devlin, most conspicuous among them, who more or less want the political developments, so convinced are they that the real trouble in the land is economic and social. Miss Devlin, a charming and resourceful economic illiterate, explains everything in terms of the vested interests, much as American adolescents explain the Vietnam war in terms of its anxiety to establish economic bases in South Vietnam.

Miss Devlin will tell you the British Army is in Northern Ireland because pressures there from the oppressed Catholics, in conjunction with complementary pressures in the south, were a prospective threat to the stability of the British pound. She will also tell you that the unemployed men in Great Britain became the Vested Interests desiring employment in order to make profit.

You will probably not get the opportunity to ask her why it is that unemployment produces profits, inasmuch as profit is something that comes from production, and unemployment lessens production—never, says Marx, is happily asleep, and doesn't want to intrude on its reverie.

IRA's Future Role

But it is true that the IRA which was once an exclusive nationalist organization, is presently much the creature of revolutionaries of the kind who feed off the superstitions of socialism. It is by no means possible that IRA will become more assertive in the Republic forcing through a series of "reforms" such as have never failed to impoverish any nation in the world that has tried them.

It would be ironic if, a certain order having finally returned to Northern Ireland, a new police in the south would cause a northward migration, say five or six years from now. The IRA would more nearly balanced Protestant-Catholic population in the north which would break the Protestant deadlock, and cast the entire Irish question into a new light.

Popularity of Populism

By David S. Broder

MADISON, Wis.—Fred Harris, where are you now that we need you?

It was Harris, the Oklahoma senator, who may recall, who announced for the Democratic presidential nomination "The New Populism." He bombed out of the race, flat broke, five weeks later.

There was nothing wrong with Harris' campaign except his timing.

Six months later, you cannot scratch a Democratic candidate without his bleeding populist blood.

Humphrey, Muskie, McGovern, Wallace and the rest are all talking about the robbing of the little guys are getting in the American economic and political system. Even John Lindsay, the newest Democrat of them all and a fellow with a more than casual acquaintance with Wall Street, spent the night on the couch in steelworker Art Young's home and emerged to tell the world that "the Art Youngs of America, who've played by the rules, aren't getting a fair break."

Unhappy Voters

What has happened to make populism so popular? It's because the Democrats have finally

discovered that a lot of voters really are damned unhappy with what's been happening to them, unhappy enough to want to shake up the system, if they're given a chance.

There is no way you can explain the results of the Democratic primaries so far except by the fact that many voters want to "give the system a poke—to send them (the underfed people with power) a message," as George Wallace said in his memorable Florida slogan.

In Florida, Wallace made his candidacy the vehicle of the protest. In New Hampshire, a week earlier, it was a very different kind of Democrat, George McGovern, who became the beneficiary of the anti-establishment sentiment that engulfed favorite Ed Muskie.

The most interesting vote, probably, came last week in Illinois, where the upset winners in the Democratic primary were Cook County State's Attorney Ed Hanrahan and gubernatorial hopeful Dan Walker. Hanrahan is a flagrantly tough prosecutor, with a flair for the dramatic, and Walker is an equally dramatic civil libertarian, who wrote the report labeling the 1968 Chicago convention demonstration "a police riot."

They are ideological opposites, with nothing in common except their independence and their ability to capitalize on the popular opposition to the Illinois Democratic establishment personified by Chicago Mayor Richard J. Daley. Yet, several hundred thousand Cook County Democrats voted for both Walker and Hanrahan as a means of voicing their protest.

What's dawning on the Democrats is that if their constituents' anger is ignored, then Wallace and his like will exploit it, with demagoguery and the politics of racial division. But if the public rage can be directed to real sources of grievance and made

the vehicle for genuine reform then the candidate who becomes the catalyst for that change reap enormous benefits.

Thus, all the Democratic hopefuls are now coming forward with proposals for tax reform, proper relief, improved employee security programs and peace guarantees, and calls for limits on the power of large corporations. Wisconsin, with its network of excellent newspapers and television stations, has a tradition of economic liberalism running from Bill Proxmire back to old La Follette. The blorp of the wage-price control mechanism has put the basic economic policies of the Nixon administration in question, and the ITT case is dramatizing the issue of corporate economic and political power. A way no candidate's speech at could have.

On the Stump

So, Muskie is out on the stump, fighting "to fight . . . the big corporations that . . . practical run our lives" and McGovern, proposing to lop off all interestances over \$500,000 and declare "It is absolutely imperative that we are to hold this country together for us to have a major redistribution of income."

It is easy to dismiss the "populism" as campaign rhetoric. As Jack Newfield and Jeff Greenfield warn in their excellent book on the subject, populists lend itself readily to demagoguery.

But it would probably be a mistake to ignore or underestimate the turn the Democratic campaign has taken. One of these men will be President next year, and a lot of them have seats in the Senate and a voice in framing the increase bill we seem certain need in 1973. It is just possible that after years of abuse, low and middle-income wage-earners and taxpayers may see his turn in the 1973 campaign.

Art in London

The Treasures of Tutankhamen on View At British Museum

By Max Wykes-Joyce

LONDON, March 29 (UPI)—Queen Elizabeth today opened an exhibition at the British Museum celebrating the 50th anniversary of the discovery in Egypt of the tomb of Tutankhamen by the archaeologist Howard Carter.

The exhibition, sponsored by the museum, in conjunction with the Times (London) and the Sunday Times, consists of 50 of the several thousand objects found in the royal tomb.

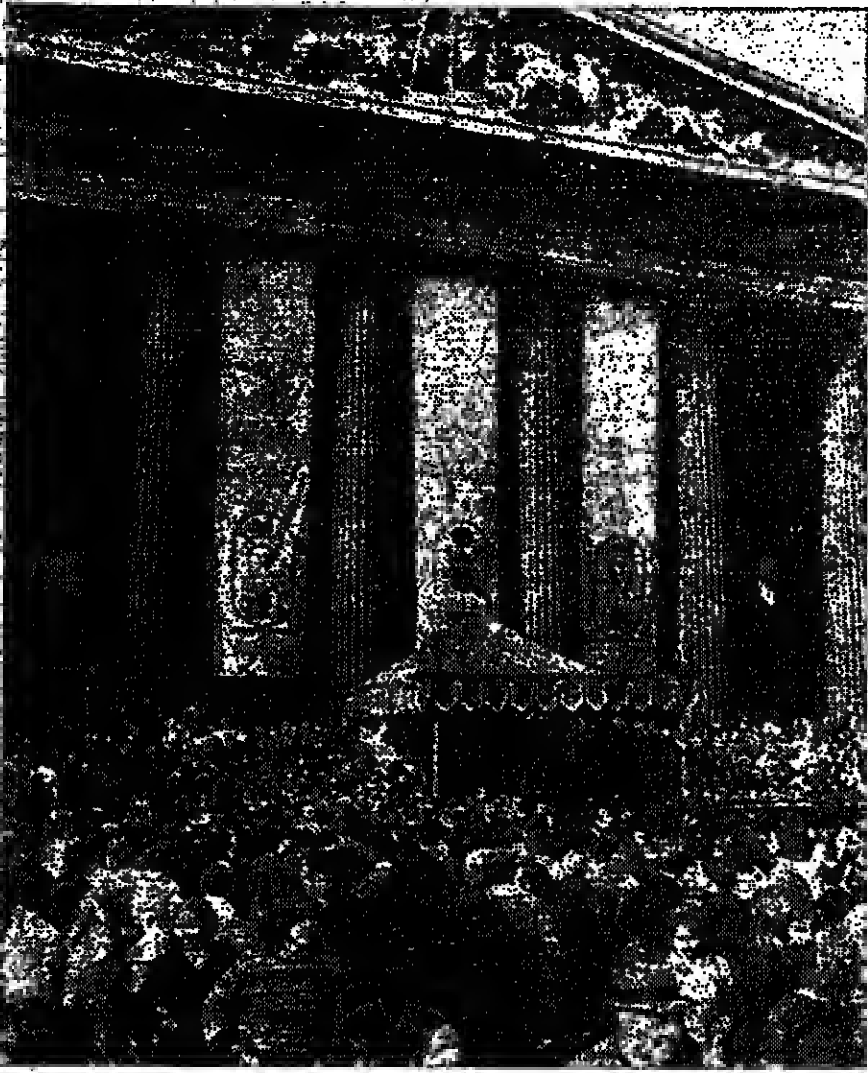
The objects, from the collection of the Cairo Museum, are on loan from the Egyptian Government until Sept. 30. A similar exhibition was held in Paris in 1967 (February to September) and included fewer exhibits.

Tutankhamen's short reign (1361-1352 B.C.) came at a period of extreme decadence, a time when the immediate predecessors, the heretic Akhenaten (Amenhotep IV) brought the kingdom to the brink of destruction. From a purely artistic standpoint then, the treasures are not of particular importance in the history and development of Egyptian aesthetics.

But the treasures of Tutankhamen are unique in that they had lain virtually undisturbed from the day they were buried along with the royal remains, the better to ease his journey through the nether world, to the day, 3,000 years later, that Carter found them. He described Nov. 29, 1922 "as the most wonderful day that I have ever lived through, and certainly one whose like I can never hope to see again."

What confronted Carter was a wealth of objects rich beyond imagination. The life-sized statue of the king, with gold kilt and sandals, stood sentinel at the doorway between the antechamber and the burial chamber proper. On the lip of the king's alabaster wishing-cup shaped

Crowds lining up yesterday for Tutankhamen exhibition, opened by Queen Elizabeth at British Museum.



as a lotus flower, was inscribed the wish: "Live thy essence, and may thou spend millions of years, thou lover of Thebes, sitting with thy face to the north wind, thy eyes beholding felicity."

There is the giant couch, one of three discovered by Carter, in wood and bronze, each of them representing a different animal—lion, cow, and water monster. The couch in wood and bronze at the British Museum is that of the cow-goddess Mehturt, on whose back the sun god Ra ascended to heaven. The couch in the king's tomb was intended to carry him by magic to the kingdom of the sun god.

There are three of the many gilded effigies of the king in his different aspects as ruler and

as divinity—as king of Lower Egypt, wearing the crown with the royal cobra, the emblem of the Lower Kingdom; as the god Horus, harpooning the evil one, Seth; and mounted upon a leopard, as king of Upper Egypt, the symbol of which was the vulture.

There are, of course, all the accoutrements of a great king—his gold dagger and sheath; his necklets and bracelets; jeweled collars and pectorals; his gold scepter; his great stool of office; his ostrich feather fan.

And presiding, as it were, over the whole collection, is the solid gold portrait mask which rested on the head and shoulders of the mummy of the king. The mask was the innermost, and smallest

of the protections in which the king's body was covered—mask and mummy were encased in a coffin of solid gold, engraved with the image of the four goddesses protective of the dead. This was enclosed in two further coffins, both with effigies on the lids, which in their turn were surrounded by a yellow quartzite sarcophagus.

And in the hand of the king, so regally entombed, was a simple plaque of welcome from Nut, the divine mother: "Thou smellest the air, and goest out as a god."

A Way of Restoring What Nature Took Away

By Hebe Dorsey

PARIS, March 29 (UPI)—Hair-dresser Jacques Dessange believes he has designed the ideal toupee—one that even self-conscious Frenchmen and, come to think of it, even he himself, will wear.

According to SOFRES, a French opinion poll, half the bald men in the United States wear toupees. In Germany, the figure drops to 30 percent, and in France it is as low as 2 percent.

"The reason, quite simply," Mr. Dessange said, "is that Frenchmen have too much taste to put up with those horrors that have been on the market so far."

As he talked, Mr. Dessange pulled a gruesome collection out of his attaché case. "Look at this," he said, picking up what looked like a middle-aged scalp. "That's what *les Américains* sell. Made in Hong Kong, of course." The toupee looked the more pathetic for having a pinkish, vaguely fleshy foundation.

The big problem with a toupee, Mr. Dessange explained, is to put it on—and have it stay on, "even in the most intimate moments."

Classico

The classic toupee is glued on, which Mr. Dessange said, is messy, unhealthy and generally uncomfortable.

"Have you ever stopped to think that a man wearing a toupee can't scratch his head?" he asked plaintively.

Anyway, after toupees came hair transplants, which Mr. Dessange does not think much of. Then there is an even more barbarous method that involves sliding a nylon thread in and out of the scalp and equipping the outside loops with metallic hooks. "That's downright dangerous and has been condemned by the medical corps," he said.

Mr. Dessange and a number of Parisian hairdressers have dis-

Jacques Dessange, who will soon be wearing one of his own toupees.



covered that one of the neatest ways of attaching a toupee is to braid what's left of the bald man's hair ("very few men are completely bald") and to fasten the toupee onto that.

New Idea

But Mr. Dessange thinks he can do even better. He has had the idea of criss-crossing the man's scalp with a thread, anchoring it on both sides with intricate little knots. The second part of the operation consists in attaching hair onto those threads in an airy, layered arrangement which looks far more natural than the classic, flat toupee.

With the French market wide open, Mr. Dessange has had his toupee patented, and expects to make a fortune. But, as he explained, it won't be easy.

"I won't even try to reach men

who've been bald for many years. Too late. I will look for men with budding baldness. Frenchmen are still terribly sensitive about toupees. When they go into specialized salons, they sneak in as if they were entering a bordello. You see, young men are terribly hurt when they start losing their hair. I know, I was in that fix."

Mr. Dessange, who is very attractive but unmistakably bald, the will soon be wearing one of his own toupees, dismissed the suggestion that women did not really mind bald men and quite often did not even notice it. "That's what you think," he said. "But young girls who would go out with a 40-year-old man, won't do it if he is bald. Especially right now with all those kids going around with hair down to their shoulders."

The difference between French and American men is that the former still think of toupees as a question of ego and sex appeal. American men have learned their lesson the hard way. They wear toupees because looking younger means, among other things, holding on to jobs.

"Americans," Mr. Dessange said, "have no hang-ups. Look at Frank Sinatra and many others. They put theirs on and take them off as if they were hats."

With his first salon, the Institut Prodess, just opened in the Foch, Mr. Dessange said he has no worries about finding customers. "Look," he said, "half my friends have already come in."

All Paris has been talking about the possible marriage of David de Rothschild and model Marisa Berenson, granddaughter of Elsa Schiaparelli.

The two have hit the gossip columns constantly for the last six months. They have been seen together at the races, and nightclubs. When Miss Berenson went to New York for the recent premiere of "Cabaret," in which she has a small part, Mr. de Rothschild went along—and gave her a big party.

David is the son of Baron Guy and the stepson of Baronne Marie Hélène. With looks, money and a good disposition, he is considered the most eligible bachelor in France. Marisa is a swinging model and a jet set, golden girl. Last Friday, friends began to suspect there was no marriage in sight when David gave a big dinner party—but failed to break the news. Other friends say he is furnishing an apartment on Rue d'Anjou, but that it is strictly a bachelor's flat.

Baronne Guy gave the rumor the coup de grace the other evening. "No, no marriage," she said. "They're just good friends."

The Good-Old-Days Tradition

By Naomi Barry

PARIS (UPI)—Five generations were too good for one bistro to support. Therefore, Georges Constant of the third generation broke away from the family establishment, Au Roy Gourmet on the Place des Victoires, and opened his own bistro 60 meters away.

That was 14 years ago. Au Roy Gourmet continues happily and

French TNP To Move Out Of Capital

PARIS, March 29 (UPI)—The Théâtre National Populaire, established at the Palais de Chaillot, Paris, 20 years ago by Jean Vilar to bring great theater to the masses, will move to Lyons in Jan. 1, 1973. Jacques Duval, French minister of cultural affairs, made the announcement this afternoon at a press conference.

The name and principal function of the TNP will be turned over to a company organized by Roger Planchon in Lyons 15 years ago. His associates are actress Chereau and Robert Girel. The company will keep its present homebase at the Théâtre de la Cité in the Villeurbanne section of Lyons but will travel to other French cities for month-long seasons. "For the first time," Mr. Duval said, "a national theater will be active all over the country."

In Paris, the Palais de Chaillot will become the responsibility of Jean Vilar, when the contract of the present TNP director, Georges Wilson, expires on Sept. 30. Mr. Wilson, an actor and a Jean Vilar protégé, took over after Vilar resigned in 1968 amid considerable controversy.

Mr. Lang plans to stage large popular spectacles in the big auditorium, to be renamed the Jean Vilar. The smaller Salle Gémier will be homebase to the Jean-Pierre Vincent and Jean Jourdeuil Company but there will also be invited to perform there.

Dining Out In Paris

Chez Georges is now a fixture on the nearby Rue du Mail. There is no intergenerational rivalry. The two Constant brothers mind their own stores but share the job of buying at Les Halles.

Gertrude Stein once remarked that the French all look as if they were characters in a painting. The lunch crowd of heavy eaters, Chez Georges is the quintessence of a group of French businessmen, placed before their plates for a portrait of France à Table.

Joyality is tempered by seriousness, as befitting food, a subject that should be faced with concentration. Where do you find Frenchmen who look like this? In all those business houses near the Bourse, the general neighborhood of Georges. The regulars are so faithful, a newcomer will probably have to wait until 1:30, Paris, for a table.

For a foreigner, the atmosphere exudes security. You sense, before you order, that God is in his gastronomic heaven, and all that is served forth will be honest and good.

Chez Georges is bourgeois and unpretentious even though caviar de Russie and saumon fumé are written on the menu in eggplant colored ink. "That's for the days when the boss comes with his secretary," said Georges, an amiable man dressed in impeccable chef's whites.

A more likely opening would be an assortment of sausages presented hanging on a gibbet. Slice off what you want and butter your bread. Sausages from Lyons, the Franche Comté, Pays Basque, the Sarthe, Fleury, Savoie, sent to Georges from local charcutiers.

The terrine de foies de volaille is a house specialty. Chicken livers, soak up Madeira wine for 24 hours. After being well drained, they are chopped up with a small complement of pork and veal. A layer of this, a sandwich filling of foie gras, another layer of chicken livers and a coating of gelée as nature.

Sole with Herbs

Try the sole au pouilly. Into the pleasant wine sauce go a profusion of minced green herbs—tarragon, parsley, chervil—to spark up the colorless but beautifully-flavored sole.

Georges prides himself on his beef: filet, shoin, rump. The prize for many is the onglet, a long-fibered rarity, known as the butcher's choice. It is chewy but the flavor is regarded as the best in the beef. If you ask for it well done, it is suggested that you might be happier with another cut. Georges does it onglet à la Bordelaise, covered with chopped shallots.

Believing that modernity is swamping us, this traditional chef offers his contented clientele such old-fashioned, long-cooked dishes as *sauté de bœuf vigneron*, *sauté de veau Marengo*, *côtes de mouton Champagnole*. The customers tuck in their napkins and forget about the good old days.

The wine list is exemplary for a small house with a collection of chateau wines long enough to make the mind reel—these are primarily reds from Burgundy and Bordeaux. And a little *ecaille de sole* to settle the stomach and face the work.

Chez Georges, 1 Rue du Mail, Paris. Telephone: 236 84-11. Closed Sundays and legal holidays, including Easter weekend and Easter Monday. Crowded for lunch, calmer at dinner. Average price: 35 to 40 francs. Wine and service extra.

Old Japanese Tomb Paintings Hailed As Great Archaeological Discovery

By John M. Lee

TOKYO, March 29 (UPI)—Colored murals recently discovered in a burial mound in central Japan are being hailed by experts here as one of this country's highest archaeological discoveries since World War II.

The Agency for Cultural Affairs said Monday that the murals would be designated as special historic relics and a national treasure. The murals were found in the village of Asuka, south of Nara, one of the ancient capitals of Japan.

The richly colored pictures on the walls of the tomb are believed to have been completed between the late 7th and early 8th centuries. The style of the paintings is further indication of Chinese and Korean cultural influences on early Japan, government experts said.

The murals were uncovered last week in a burial mound known as the Takatsukamura tumulus. Members of an archaeological research institute in Nara had been investigating the mound since early this month.

The mound measures from 19.4 yards in diameter and about 5.5 yards in height. Inside is a stone enclosure over a yard wide, nearly 3 yards long and about 1.2 yards high, holding a lacquered wooden coffin about 2 yards long.

The paintings, in more than seven colors, were found on the walls of the enclosure. They had been applied to plaster covering the stone walls.

The murals depict white tigers, blue dragons, men and women dressed Chinese-style and carrying sticks, a sun of beaten gold, a moon of beaten silver and constellations showing the North Star. Masao Suehara, head of the institute that unearthed the tomb, said that the quality of the paintings could be compared with those at the Horyu-ji Temple in Nara, which are considered the best of their kind in Japan.

However, a spokesman for the cultural assets protection commission said, "It is an epic-making discovery from the standpoint of both archaeology and art history."

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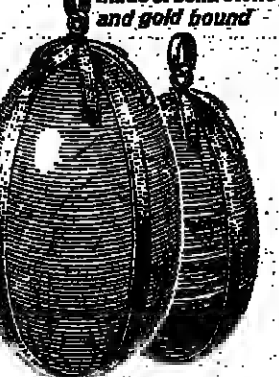
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202	14	Kidder 1.20	78	124	124
30	16	KingsD 31 .28	82	187	187
384	49	KingsD .69	7	47	48
47	34	KLM Airlin	16	238	238
248	13	Kohrns 20s	12	214	212
47	34	Koppers 1.60	22	39	39
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36	22	Leasre p12.25	4	23%	23%
24%	14%	Leasco Corp	2099	21%	58%
41%	35%	Leasco p12.50	27	38%	38%
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18%	16%	LehVerm Ind	112	2	31
3%	3%	LehVerm Ind	112	2	31
14	11%	LehVerm Ind	112	2	31
13	12%	LehVerm Ind	112	2	31
53%	4%	LehVerm Ind	112	2	31
162%	12%	LehVerm Ind	112	2	31
13%	8%	LehVerm Ind	112	2	31
52	40%	LehVerm Ind	112	2	31
8%	6%	LehVerm Ind	112	2	31
20%	17%	LehVerm Ind	112	2	31

16%	12%	LiberHyd	36	21	16%	16%
12%	14%	LiberLyn	41	25	14%	16%
6%	55%	Lign Est	7	350	60	101
10%	6%	Lign Est	7	2	201	101
69%	45%	Lilly Eai	72	85	64%	101
87%	81%	LincNtr	2.68	59	83%	83%
90	85	LincNtr	pt	5	87%	87%
14%	10%	Ling Tem	Vt	194	113%	111
36	28	LingTV	pt	1	29%	29%
9%	5%	Lionel Corp	217	73%	88%	88%
22%	18%	Litafizand	499	279	17%	14
30%	21%	Litton ple	pt	13	21%	24
23%	24%	Litton pl	B	2	24%	24
15%	10	Lockhard	220	71	12%	12%
5%	1%	Lockhart	1.04	47	58%	55
53%	44:	LomMet	566	24	45%	44

19%	24%	Londanwin	17	16	16%
29%	24%	LoneStar1r	30	26%	36%
31%	27	LoneSGp	1.36	301	31
25%	21%	LoneSL1	1.28	15	23%
47%	41%	LIL	PL 5.75	3	21%
10%	12%	LoneSL	PL 6.12	238	106%
85%	61%	LoneDrg	40	75%	75%
81%	3%	Loral Corp	15	6	6
55%	46%	LalLandExp	1	182	47
38%	33%	Louville	1.74	23	24
35%	30%	Lownenstn	.90	26	30%
55	43	Lubrizol	40	922	44%
22%	19	LuckySfrs	50	177	26%
33	26%	Ludlow	1.88	1	29
24	16	LupkenSL	1.66	42	23%
				76%	28

10	73%	Lykes	Ymst	230	9%	93%
24%	20%	Lykes	Yns p	175	24%	24%
25%	23%	Lynch	CSy	40	4%	24%
M						
16%	5%	MacAnF	.05p	24	11	11
6%	5%	MacDonald		57	6	6%
16%	12%	MacKen	Ca .30	2	14%	14%
47%	47%	Macy	RH 1	25	451%	451%
17%	4%	Macy	p of .425	215	25%	25%
17%	4%	Madison	.15e	79	15%	15%
4%	3%	Mad Sq	Gr	29	3%	3%
55%	4%	Maglic	Ch .60	79	521%	521%
52%	4%	Magnus	L.20	58	421%	421%
57	27%	Malloy	1.80	13	54%	54%

39	23%	Maipye	36	78	32%	30
24%	23%	Moynish	56	56	30	30
38%	24%	Murphy	72	96	35	25%
39	30	MusHam	156	240	35%	35%
45%	34%	MAPCO	1.84	34	43%	43%
34%	28%	Marath	1.60	297	31%	31%
31%	27%	Marcor	80	223	27%	27%
63%	55%	Marcor	PrA2	35	55%	55%
46%	29%	Marmett	514	65	43%	43%
38%	31%	Mar Lido	1.70	37	35%	35%
76	58	Marbles	39	37	72%	72%
38	30	Marshall	50	33	37%	37%
38	30	Marshall	55	167	63	63%
78%	63%	Marley	40	15	74	74%
15%	75%	Marriott	Cam	48	14%	14%
73	51	Marriott	28	16%	16%	16%

34	32%	Marathon	WI	31	33%
35%	31%	Marshall	MD	32	31%
23%	60%	Maryland	1,10	33	21%
24%	28%	Mayaguez	50	33	28%
26%	34%	Mayaguez	50	33	28%
36%	34%	Mayaguez	50	33	28%
68%	60%	Massillon	75	37	67%
15%	11%	Massive	75	65	73%
30%	27%	Massive	49	57	28%
28%	78%	Mattush	135	29	24%
34%	23%	Mattush	10	51	26%
54	47%	Mattush	7,65	26	22%
32%	25%	Mattush	52	15	20%
46%	24%	Mattush	50	8	23%
35%	25%	Mattush	1,10	33	44%
37%	11%	Mattush	1,10	705	33%
37%	11%	Mattush	1,10	6	34%

17	70	McCherry	1	16	73	95
45	321	Mc Dermott	1	76	33	95
96	324	McEwens	1	98	75	95
45%	34	McDonald	40	391	44%	44%
39%	326	McGee E. 1.40	281	38%	38%	39%
203%	16%	McGrath	58	177	8%	18%
84%	16%	McGrath Don.	17	61%	64%	64%
95	72	McIntyre	140	85%	85%	85%
20%	16%	McKee Co	5	17%	17%	20%
40%	33	McLuskey	30	8	34%	34%
20%	15%	McLuskey Sil	1	69	18%	18%
40%	16%	McLuskey Jr.	1	70%	70%	40%
21%	15%	Mead Cp	50	108	17%	18%
46	42	Mead pA2.80	1	44%	44%	46%
461%	42%	Mead pB2.80	3	46%	46%	46%
71%	3%	Medusa C. 1.20	2	45%	45%	45%

38%	4%	MEt Cp			
73%	4%	MEtVb p8.1	40	73%	4%
64%	5%	Melv Sh 43	4	39	6%
38%	25%	Minorex Cp	230	29%	
150	127%	Mercon S 1.40	8	141%	141%
141	123%	Metk 2.30	62	140	140
33%	23%	Meredith .70	10	29%	29%
46	33%	MerrLyn .40	263	43%	43%
54%	42%	Mesa Pet .10	8	50%	50%
10%	21%	Mesa Pet .19c	20	20%	20%
21%	21%	Mesam .35p	9	22	22
21%	7%	MGM	9	17%	17%
38%	2%	MeTron .30	33	35%	35%
102%	101	MeEtR p8.12	100	101%	101%
114%	88%	MIG Inv .20	3	113	113
15%	14%	Mich Ge Ut 1	4	14%	15%

22%	14%	MicroCont	106	37	20	20
26%	17%	MidCont	92	12	71%	18%
25%	21%	MidSUn1	104	259	22%	22%
16%	16%	Mid1 Ross	80	34	16%	16%
60	43%	MilesLS	120	49	58	58%
61%	39%	MidBrad	406	160	61%	61%
14%	12%	MidMun1	152	120	14%	14%
20%	20%	MidMun2	120	140	20%	20%
23%	23%	MissnEqm	33	x10	34%	34%
10	16%	MissRiv	30	52	17	17
32%	28%	MAP Cen	160	40	32%	32%
18%	17%	MoPus	80b	72	17%	17%
56%	50%	ModHil	240	562	51%	51%
45	33%	Mohas	110	31	42%	42%
25%	17%	Mohawk	126	95	23%	23%

165%	17%	Molyden		67	12	
11-16	13-16	Molyden	rt	206	14	1-14
33%	25%	Molyden	pt	11	25%	16%
19%	11%	Mangan	ind	105	16%	16%
48%	37%	ManganEq	40	52	45%	46
54%	46	Marshty 7.9e		172	33%	57%
65%	34%	Marshty pt 2.71		2	63%	45
37%	28%	Marshty pt 2.71		2	32	32
28%	28%	Marshty pt 1.4e		46	45%	46%
13%	12%	MDNYM	25e	217	42%	13%
15%	12%	Moer McCor	9	13%	12%	13%
84%	71%	Morgan J. 2.80		223	82%	82%
19%	15	Morse Sh	75	16	17%	17%
25%	22%	MgTra 1.00e		45	23%	23%
35%	27%	MorNor	30	78	34%	34%

38%	34%	Midwest S 1.60	5	36%	34%
23%	21%	Midstate 1.56	31	22%	22%
14%	13%	ASL Ind	9	15%	15%
17%	14%	Monfort 2d	28	18%	18%
12%	10%	Monroe 2d	1	11%	11%
35%	29%	Munciegrw 1	19	33%	34%
27%	23%	MurphyCo 1.20	7	28%	23%
10%	7%	Murphy Ind.	7	8%	8%

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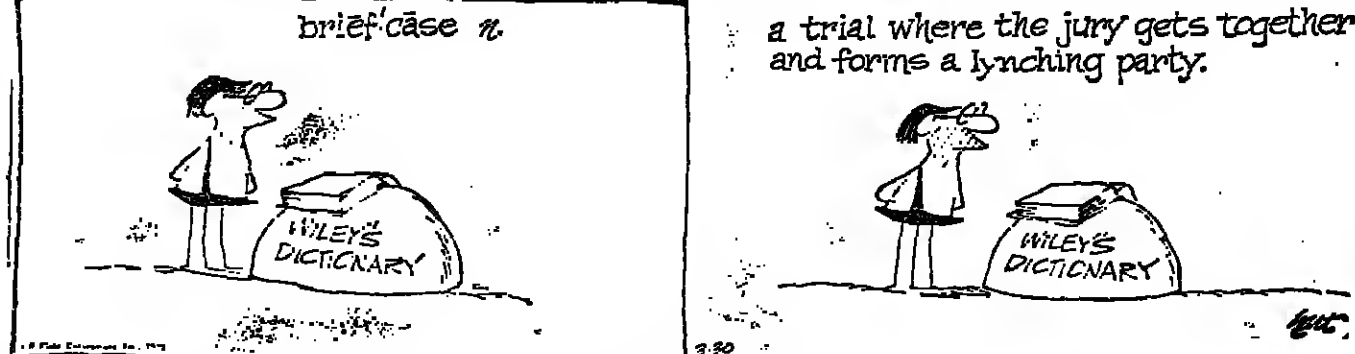
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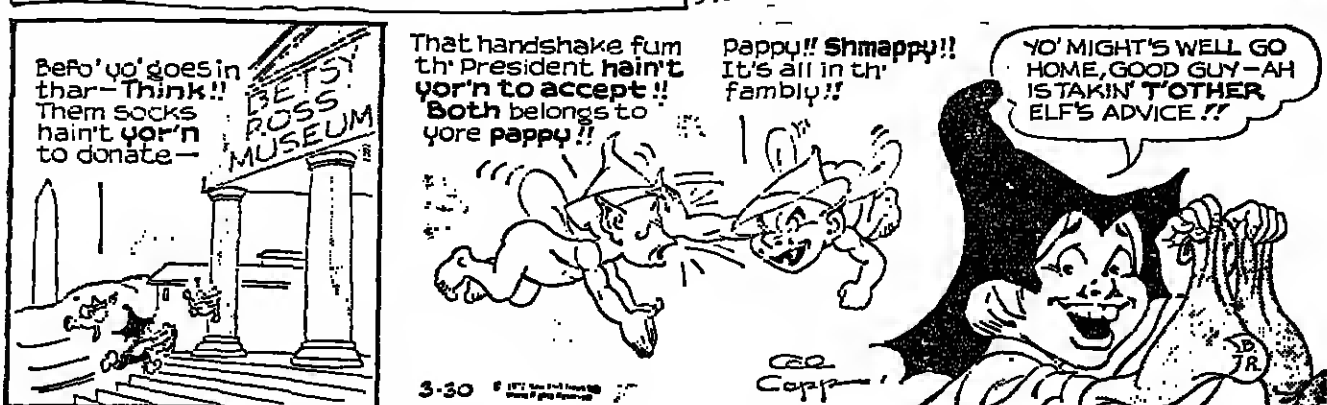
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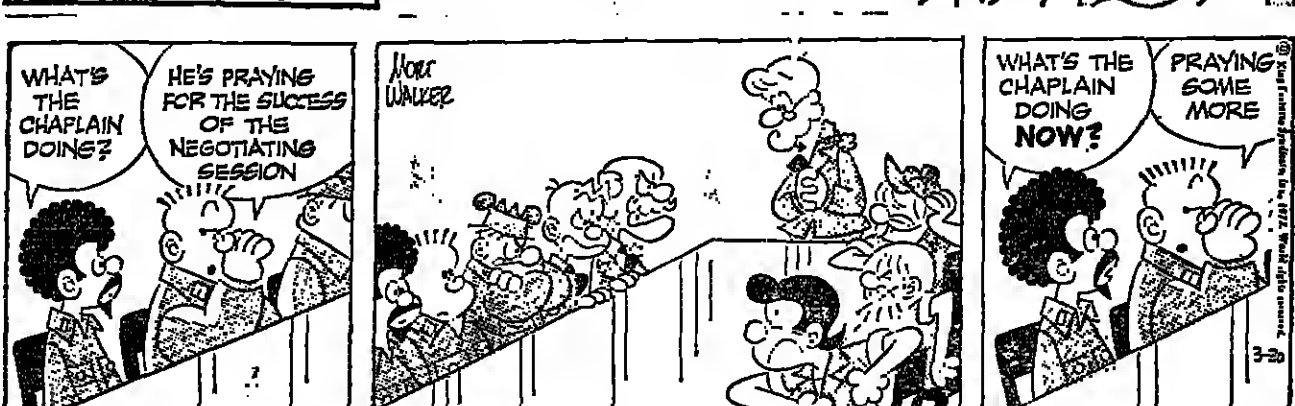
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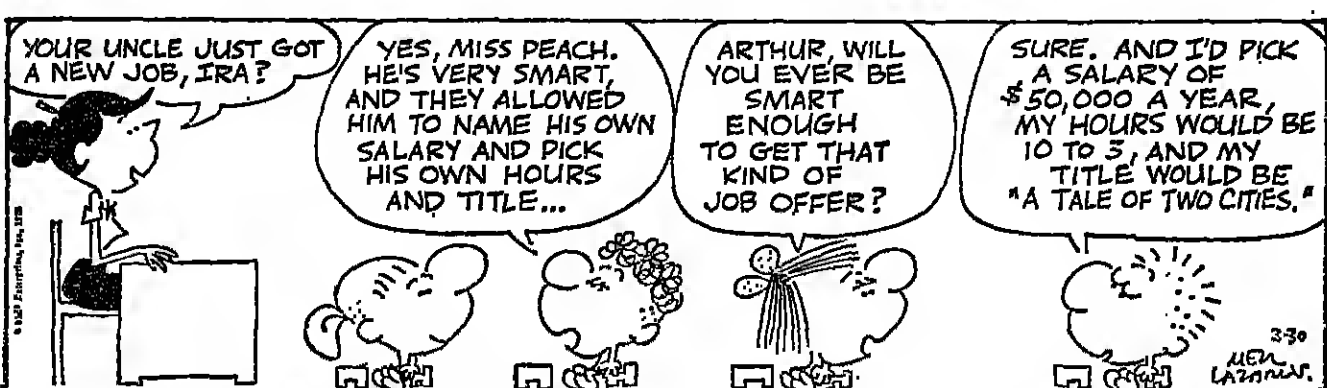
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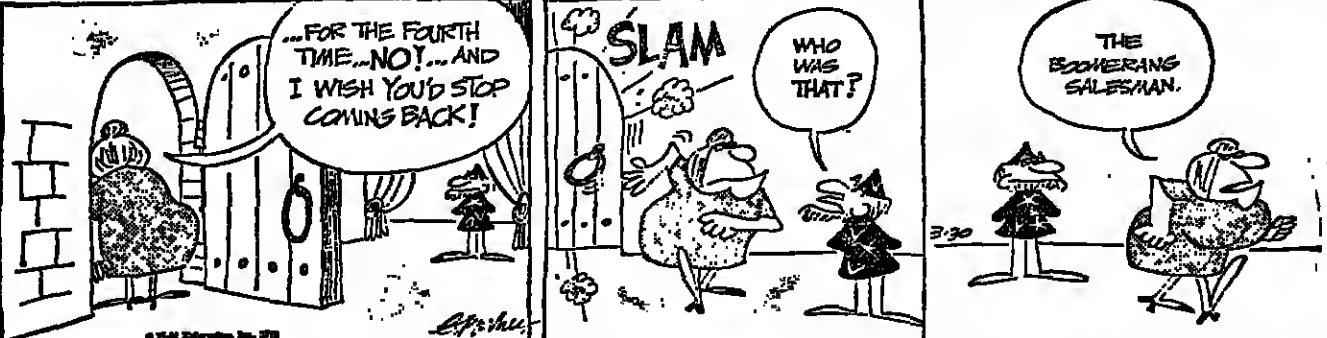
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REN MORGAN M.D.



POCO



RIP KIRBY



BLONDIE



BRIDGE

By Alan Truscott

Both teams displayed excellent judgment on the diagrammed deal.

It can be seen that East-West can make four hearts easily, losing one trick in each side suit, but cannot make five unless the defenders give them some help in the spade suit.

Therefore, with favorable vulnerability, North-South should save in five diamonds and be doubled. The question is whether this contract will fall by two tricks or three. With routine defense, the result will be down two, but expert defense can set the contract by three tricks—and did.

South reached five diamonds doubled by the route shown after East had opened the auction

NORTH
♠ 10 7 4
♥ J
♦ A Q 9 8
♣ J 10 4 3

EAST (D)
♠ Q J 9
♥ K 5 6 4 3 2
♦ 6
♣ 7 2

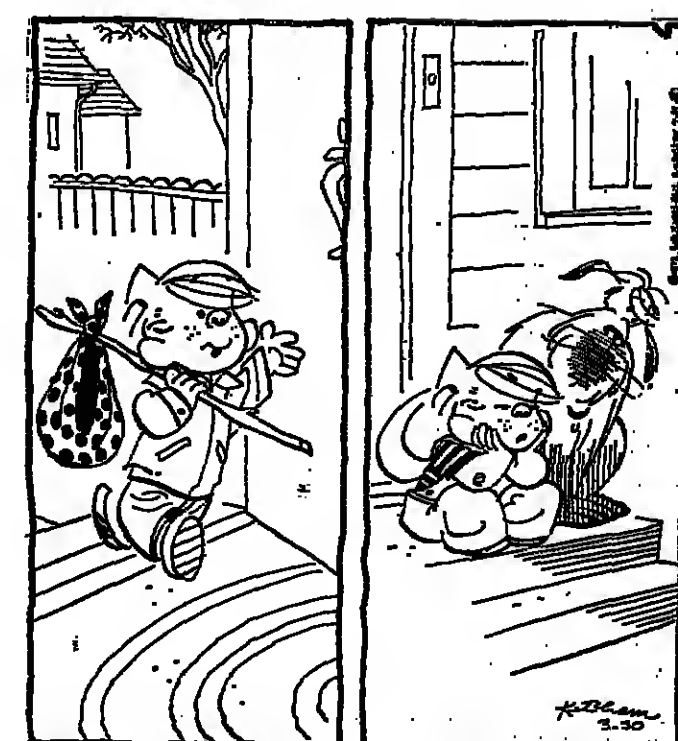
SOUTH
♠ K 8 3 2
♥ 10
♦ K J 10 8 3
♣ K Q 5

East and West were vulnerable. The bidding:

East South West North
2♥ DBL West 3♣
Pass Pass 4♥ 4NT.
Pass 5♦ DBL Pass
Pass Pass

West led the heart seven.

DENNIS THE MENACE

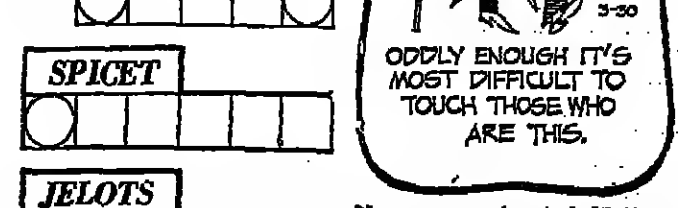
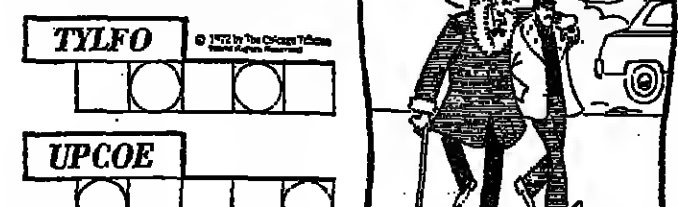


"HELLO, EVERYONE! I CHANGED MY MIND AND CAME BACK!"

"NOBODY KNEW I WAS GONE."

JUMBLE—That scrambled word game

Unscramble these four Jumbles, one letter to each square, to form four ordinary words.



Now arrange the circled letters to form the surprise answer, as suggested by the above cartoon.

Print the SURPRISE ANSWER here

Yesterday's Jumbles: GUILF PUPPY VORTEX JOCLUND

Answers: Have some soft drinks sound—THEY GO "POP"

CHILDREN'S BOOKS

SONIA DELAUNAY ALPHABET

By Sonia Delaunay. Thomas Y. Crowell Company. Unpaged. Illustrated. \$4.95. (Ages 3 to 8).

Reviewed by Milton Glaser

FOR one reason or the other, very few of the acknowledged masters of contemporary French painting have produced works expressly for children. So Sonia Delaunay's "Alphabet," by that remarkable woman whose life and work have been interwoven with many of the avant-garde movements of the 20th century, is a rare and fortuitous exception. And the vigor and enthusiasm expressed throughout the book make it difficult to believe that Miss Delaunay is now 85 years old.

The book is large, squareish, handsomely designed and beautifully produced from a technical point of view. The quality of paper and printing are both unusually high for a book in this price range. The artist has employed the iconography of letter forms in many of her paintings so she is quite comfortable in the idiom. She is renowned as a colorist, and here employs a characteristic palette of bright blue, vermilion, green and black.

The text of the book is hung on the rather thin notion of finding 26 rhymes each beginning with a letter of the alphabet. The verses are well-selected English nursery rhymes, mostly of the nonsense variety, such as "A, B, C, tumble down D/The cat's in the cupboard and can't see me." "Thomas a' Tattamus took twenty-three

with a weak two-heart bid. A routine opening lead of the heart ace would have cleared the way for the declarer, but West made the fine lead of the heart seven. He was confident that his partner held the heart king to justify his opening bid.

When East won with the heart king he put South to the test by leading the spade queen. As he expected, the winning play for South would have been to duck. But East here was a top-class expert who was quite capable of returning the spade queen from a holding of Qxx, tempting South to duck.

Qxx was a much more likely holding for East than QJ9, so South covered with the king, the right percentage play. Here, however, it failed, and the defense took three spade tricks to collect a penalty of 600. South reflected ruefully that the last time he faced this situation he also played low, and he was wrong then too.

South reached five diamonds doubled by the route shown after East had opened the auction

Both teams displayed excellent judgment on the diagrammed deal. It can be seen that East-West can make four hearts easily, losing one trick in each side suit, but cannot make five unless the defenders give them some help in the spade suit. Therefore, with favorable vulnerability, North-South should save in five diamonds and be doubled. The question is whether this contract will fall by two tricks or three. With routine defense, the result will be down two, but expert defense can set the contract by three tricks—and did.

South reached five diamonds doubled by the route shown after East had opened the auction

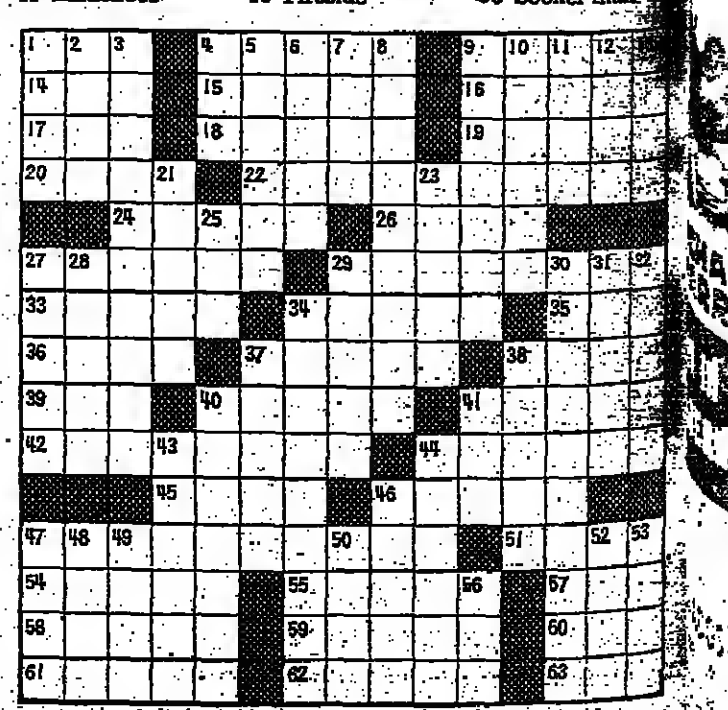
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South reached five diamonds doubled by the route shown after East had opened the auction

CROSSWORD

By Will Weng

ACROSS					
1	Arbiter. Abbr.	42	Some shadow-makers	11	Old one. Ger.
4	Lindens	44	Port of Kerry	12	— a-terre
9	Roughens	45	— of tea	13	Hairs
14	Pipe curve	46	Fare in Milan	21	Rhythm
15	Kind of nerve or angle	47	Bumpkin	23	Symbols of office
16	Sun. Prefix	51	Periods	25	Cushion
17	Pacific native	54	Star of "M"	27	Get out!
18	Bible book	55	Gave joy	28	Santa
19	Corroded	57	N.Y. subway	29	Prices. Scot.
20	Te	58	Presbyter	30	Gauntless
22	Vermilion shades	59	Indy 500 entry	31	Toughen
24	Settle up	60	Golf need	32	Dodger star
26	End one	61	At — for words	34	People giving summaries
27	Charitable shelter	62	Cubic measure	37	— comic
29	Goates et al.	63	Tuber	38	Winged
33	Looked over before a heist	DOWN			
34	Laughs. Fr.	1	Infer	40	Churn parts
35	Compass reading	2	River to North Sea	41	Classmen. Abbr.
36	Eur. area	3	Curlicues	43	Key groups
37	Secures	4	Piper's son	44	More sour
38	Fever	5	Like some poetry	46	Treaty objective
39	Drink	6	Eager	47	Girl's name
41	Censure	7	Deceiver	48	Lounge
		8	Bookish	49	Church calendar
		9	Some spreads	50	Land map
		10	Fireside	52	Tract
				53	Stalk
				56	Sooner than



Warriors, Lakers Win

Bucks Lose Playoff Opener

MILWAUKEE, March 29 (AP).—The Golden State Warriors, trailing by 13 points in the second quarter, rallied behind Jeff Mullins and Jim Barnett for a 117-106 victory over the Milwaukee Bucks last night and a 1-0 lead in their best-of-seven National Basketball Association Western Conference playoff.

Mullins scored 26 points and Barnett, who had averaged 12.4 points in the regular season, added 30 as the Warriors beat the defending NBA champions for the third time in five meetings this season.

Nate Thurmond, clipped in with 23 for the Warriors and had Kareem Abdul-Jabbar to 23 points, compared with his league-leading 34.8 average.

The Bucks broke into a 20-21 first-quarter lead behind the shooting of Bob Dandridge and

Oscar Robertson. The Warriors shot just 36.7 percent in the period and stayed close enough behind Cassie Russell's 13 points.

Mullins and Barnett each poured in 10 points in the second period as Golden State charges won each year have their six minutes left in the period and caught Milwaukee at 45-55 just 1 1/2 minutes before halftime.

Two layups by Barnett sent the Warriors into a 66-65 lead early in the third quarter and they widened it to 60-60 seconds before the end of the period.

Chicago Bulls in the opening game of their Western conference NBA playoff.

Goodrich scored 22 points and West had 22 as The Bulls in this opener of the best-of-seven series.

Chicago battled to a 17-17 deadlock in the first quarter, but the Bulls lost starting center Tom Boerwinkle, who reentered his left knee and could not return to action.

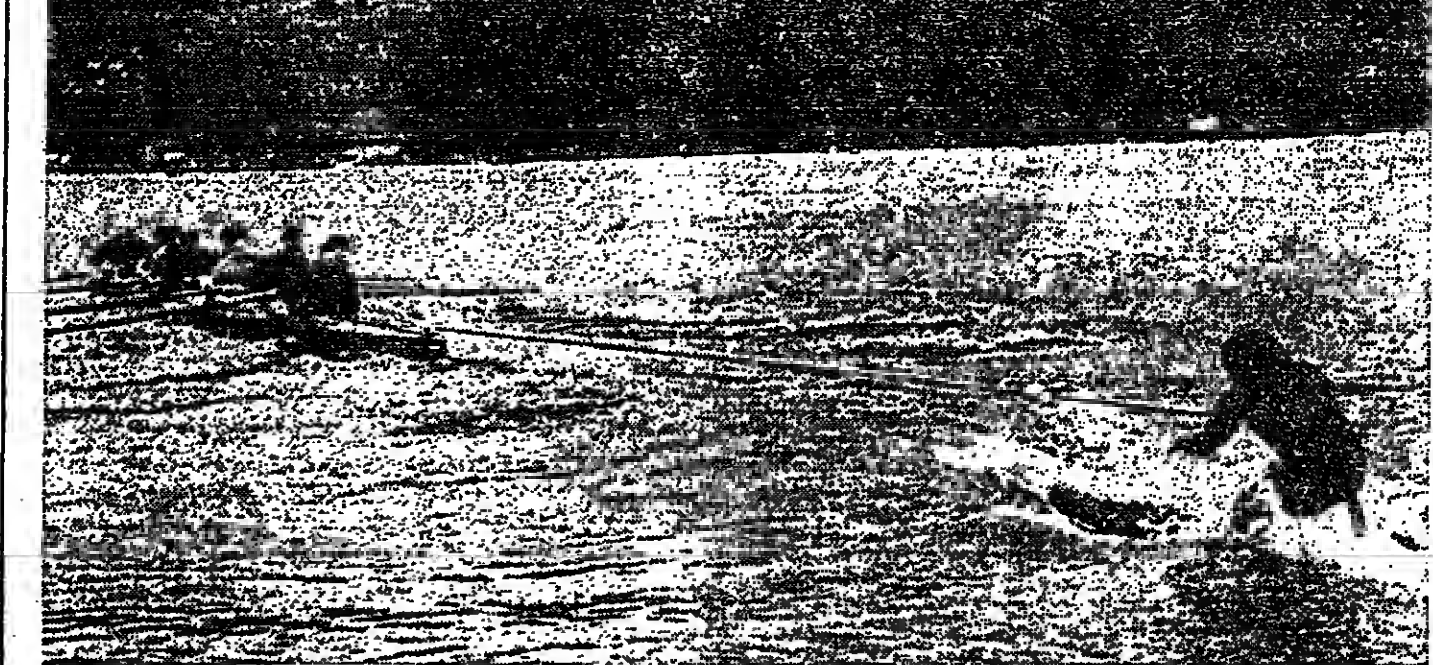
The lead changed 10 times in the second quarter before Los Angeles took a 43-40 half-time lead.

Chicago surged back with nine consecutive points opening in second half to take a 46-43 lead as Bob Love, Jerry Sloan, Cliff Ray and Norm Van Lier hit field goals and Chet Walker added a free throw.

Then came the Laker rally. Jim McMillan started it, West added four points and Walt Chamberlain sank a free throw before Goodrich collected three straight field goals and West sank an 18-footer.

The 95 points by the Lakers marked only the second time this season they had been held under 100.

Boerwinkle's status is undetermined for the second game of the series tomorrow night at The Forum.



CREW WITH PULL—The University of Washington varsity crew shows its strength by rowing fast enough to pull its water-skiing coxswain during training this week on Lake Whatcom, Wash.

East Africa Auto Rally No Joke to Europeans

DAR ES SALAAM, Tanzania, March 29 (UPI).—The automobile rally which began as a joke for amateurs 20 years ago but which today is the world's toughest, begins here tomorrow with 94 cars.

For four days, and more than 6,000 kilometers (3,750 miles), the cars will speed across rough dirt roads in Tanzania and two neighboring countries, Kenya and Uganda.

This is the first year that the East African Safari Rally begins and finishes at Dar Es Salaam, the breezy seaside capital of Tanzania.

The rally was started by a band of enthusiastic amateurs celebrating the coronation of Britain's Queen Elizabeth II in 1952. Gradually, it has become a taunting test for overseas drivers. But never in the previous 19 events has an overseas driver won the safari, which has been dominated by East African drivers who know the roads. This rally now is one of two outside Europe which count in the world championship.

Nairobi, capital of Kenya, has been the traditional starting point, but both Uganda and Tanzania threatened to ban the rally going through their territory unless the control point was rotated among the three nations. Last year, Kampala, Uganda, was the starting point.

As usual, drivers must contend with elephants and wild game on the route, with the steamy sea-

level routes as well as the stinging cold of the mountainous regions of Kenya and Uganda.

Billows of blinding and choking dust and thick mud is another hazard. "Football-size rocks are buried at competitors by angry villagers who each year have their goats and chickens killed by the speeding cars. Twenty-two cars were knocked out of the rally this way in 1967.

For the third straight year, the contingent of Japanese Datsuns—44 cars—dominates the safari. The Nissan Motor Company has entered four works Datsuns to attempt a third successive overall victory.

In the 1970 and 1971 events, Bavarian-born Edgar Hermann, Kenyan hotelier, drove a factory-prepared Datsun to first place and he set off 10th in the field from here this year with his usual co-driver, Hans Schuller of West Germany. No one has won this race three times.

There are nine French Peugeot in the race. Four are works entries. Heading this challenge is Tanzania's Bert Shanksland, who won the safari twice for Peugeot.

Ford, with specially prepared British Escort RS 1600s, completes the traditional three-cornered fight for the prestigious manufacturers prize, which has gone to Datsun the last two years.

Finland's Hannu Mikkola and Germany's Palm of Sweden, in a works Ford Escort RS 1600, is rated this year's favorite. They are followed by another overseas pair, Raimo Aaltonen of Finland and Tony Fall of Britain in a Datsun 240Z.

Barthès Is Upset In Second Round At Monte Carlo

MONTE CARLO, March 29 (UPI).—Belgium's Bernard Mignot eliminated second-seeded Pierre Barthès of France from the \$20,000 Monte Carlo Open tennis tournament today in the first round.

Mignot, playing a steady serve-and-volley game, held on to beat the French Davis Cupper, 7-5, 2-6, 6-0 in the first major upset of the tournament—the opening event in the International Lawn Tennis Federation masters circuit.

U.S. Gains Tie For First Place In World Hockey

BUCHARST, March 29 (UPI).—The United States, the silver medal winner in this year's Olympic and favored to win the current B-pool world ice hockey championship, today edged East Germany, 6-5, to tie for first place.

Robbie Ftorek's goal in the game's final seconds gave the undefeated United States its third victory and sixth point in the tournament. The winner of this "B" championship advances to the top group of six in the next championship.

The United States, trailing 3-2, scored four goals in the third period, the others being scored by Bob Krieger, Craig Sarner and Charlie Brown.

Earlier today, Poland routed Romania, 7-0.

Tour of Italy Goes Long Way

MILAN, March 29 (AP).—Twenty heats, a total distance of 3,794 kilometers, the crossing of the Messina Strait, a transfer of cyclists from Sicily to Rome by plane and the climbing of the Stelvio Pass with the finish line at 2,757 meters.

These were the highlights of the 55th edition of the Tour of Italy cycling race announced at a conference today.

The most prestigious Italian multi-leg race will start from Venice on May 20 and end in Milan—the traditional last leg on June 11.

Competitors, including world champion Eddy Merckx of Belgium, his Italian rivals Gianni Motta and Felice Gimondi, and Costa Pettersson of Sweden, winner of the race last year, will face simple courses in the first part of the tour along the Adriatic Coast.

After some mountainous legs on the Apennines in Southern Italy, the Giro will reach Reggio Calabria, on the tip of the Italian boot, from where cyclists will sail for Messina, Sicily.

After a single leg in Sicily, competitors will fly to Rome to then go up the peninsula through Tuscany and Liguria to reach the Alps in Piedmont.

France Tosses Rugby Insult

ROME, March 29 (UPI).—And the final score, sports fans, is 82-0.

France rolled up points at better than one a minute today to beat Belgium by that score in an under-21 rugby tournament here. The French led 50-0 at halftime.

Unlike many of the regular caddies, Argea never was a good golfer. He started caddying when he was 8, at the Congress Lake Country Club some 13 miles from his birthplace, Canyon, Ohio. Nicklaus also is an Ohioan, but the two men never got together until a Bob Hope Tournament at Palm Springs, Calif., in 1963.

"I never did play too much, and I still don't," Argea said. "Most people take it for granted I'm a fine golfer. I used to caddy at the Desert Inn in Las Vegas, Nev., at the Tournament of Champions. I'd go up for the Hope every year. Then, nine years ago, I signed up there to caddy for Jack even though it had been announced he wasn't going to play

Reds' Nice-Guy Manager Tries for Top of Class

By Red Smith

NEW YORK, March 29 (NYT).—Sparky Anderson weighs slightly more than \$9 worth of top round and every ounce is class. He is a big-league guy with a bush-league background, a dead-level guy who has given half of his 38 years to professional baseball. Until he became manager of the Cincinnati Reds, all his years save one were spent in the minors. The exception was 1969 when he was an infielder with the Phillies, which is not exactly the same as playing second base in Rock Hill, S.C., but the difference is negligible. In his first season as skipper of the Reds, 1970, the team broke in front and never looked back. Last year was different, but Sparky wasn't. In 1971, Cincinnati had a better team in

traction than on the field, and the Reds finished fourth in their six-team division.

"Some people were calling you a guy told him the other day in Florida."

Sparky laughed. "When you don't finish first," he said, "you're running a country club. When you win, you have great team spirit."

"Still," the other said, "I'm sure I read somewhere last year that you were through being a nice guy and were going to get tough."

Pro Temperament

Sparky hooted. "I couldn't scream and holler at these guys. Nobody could scream and holler at this club, because these guys come to play ball."

He inclined his head toward

the left-field foul line where Pete Rose was playing catch wearing a rubber jacket.

"He asked me if it was all right if he didn't wear his uniform shirt during practice because he meant to take an extra hard workout. That's a super star asking something like that, a guy who's been here 10 years. How could anybody scream and holler at guys like that?"

"Look at Denis Menke there on third base. There's been a difference this spring with him and Joe Morgan on the infield. Balls that were getting through last year are easy outs now."

"I played with Denis 10 years ago in Toronto and he was the same class guy then that he is now. He was a kid who had got a lot of money from Milwaukee but he was just in there every

day trying to improve himself to help the club. One thing he had then and he still has—great hands. That's something a good infielder never loses. The legs may go and a man finds he can't cover the ground he used to, but if he can get to the ball he'll always handle it clean. And you won't find anybody in baseball with more class than Denis."

Some Explanations

"Can you explain what happened to Bench and Perez last year?" a man asked. John Bench, the catcher whom Cincinnati fans frequently confused with the deity in 1970, batted .293 that season and .238 last summer, knocked in 61 runs in 1971 compared with 146 a year earlier. He had 27 home runs instead of 45. Tony Perez suffered a similar decline, though not such a dramatic one.

"I can explain Perez," Sparky said. "He had a bad right hand that sent pains shooting up his arm when he tried to swing a bat, up to June. Bench? Everything that happens to John is blown up out of proportion."

"I told him, 'No matter what they say about you, they can't take away your class. Only you can do that, and you never will.'"

A young man on the bench had been listening silently. Now he said: "You keep talking about class. Can you define that?"

"You're coming out of the ball park," Sparky said, "and a little kid wants your autograph. If you can't take the time to stop and give it to him, you should be working in the shops for Hughes Aircraft, and they're on strike now."

Caddy Makes Living Following Nicklaus

By Gerald Strine

WASHINGTON, March 29 (UPI).—The next time Jack Nicklaus comes pounding down the fairway take a look at the big, strong, 42-year-old fellow following him. It's Angelo Argea, personal caddy to Nicklaus the past nine of the 10 1/2 years that golf's leading money winner has been on the Professional Golfers Association tour.

"Jack's the greatest man in the world to work for, but I won't talk about money," Argea says. "That's our business. I'll just say it's a good life, following him. A caddy is never going to become a millionaire, but you're working, you can get along, and you have the satisfaction, in my case, of watching day to day the greatest golfer ever to play the game. That makes it special."

Argea only wishes he could be with "his man" for the elite tournaments—the Masters, U.S. Open, PGA and British Open. These four, plus the American Classic, the Western, the Westchester, and a few others have rules prohibiting the top pros from having their regular sidekicks at their sides.

"At the Masters, all the caddies are colored," Argea said. "That's tradition. A couple events here, the Italian rivals Gianni Motta and Felice Gimondi, and Costa Pettersson of Sweden, winner of the race last year, will face simple courses in the first part of the tour along the Adriatic Coast."

After some mountainous legs on the Apennines in Southern Italy, the Giro will reach Reggio Calabria, on the tip of the Italian boot, from where cyclists will sail for Messina, Sicily.

After a single leg in Sicily, competitors will fly to Rome to then go up the peninsula through Tuscany and Liguria to reach the Alps in Piedmont.

Moves Around

"Most of the good pros—the top 30, anyway—have regular caddies. Even some of the 'rabbits' do. They might not be making much money, and they might be hitchhiking to the next tournament, but they keep hopping around."

So, in a sense, does Argea. He and several of the regulars usually can be found sharing hotel space at the various stops on the year-long tour. Nicklaus no longer plays as many tournaments as he once did. Which suits Argea fine. When Nicklaus rests, Argea rests.

Unlike many of the regular caddies, Argea never was a good golfer. He started caddying when he was 8, at the Congress Lake Country Club some 13 miles from his birthplace, Canyon, Ohio. Nicklaus also is an Ohioan, but the two men never got together until a Bob Hope Tournament at Palm Springs, Calif., in 1963.

"I never did play too much, and I still don't," Argea said. "Most people take it for granted I'm a fine golfer. I used to caddy at the Desert Inn in Las Vegas, Nev., at the Tournament of Champions. I'd go up for the Hope every year. Then, nine years ago, I signed up there to caddy for Jack even though it had been announced he wasn't going to play

in the pro-amateur because he had bursted."

In Line

"I put my name down beside his anyway. When he surprised everyone and showed up, three guys reached for his bag. The caddy master called me over and said, 'Your name is down, so you're going with him.'"

Nicklaus won that tournament, one of the earliest of his 35 successes on the professional circuit, and Argea has been with him ever since.

"I remember that one, and I remember very well the Dallas one (Glynn Nelson Classic) two years ago when Jack beat (Arnold) Palmer in a playoff. That was one I really liked."

Argea says the "small things" are what makes for a good caddy—knowing where to stand, where to walk, not to be in another golfer's line, knowing where to lay the bag.

"Jack's pretty talkative once he comes in from the course, but he's all business out there. A lot of things go through his mind in the close ones. Mine, too. There are a few little things we say to each other, things that I guess help relax him a little bit."

Such as?

Starts With 2

"Oh, I never wish him good luck, or say anything to him, until we get on No. 2. That's standard. We're always walking down the second fairway before I'll say 'good luck,' 'play well,' 'patience,' 'keep your extension,' or something like that."

"Once, in the Tournament of Champions, which he won by eight shots, he was far in front going into the last round and when we came out he said, 'We're going to do it a little different today. I don't want you to tell me how anyone else is doing.'"

"So we get to 16. He knows he's in pretty good shape, but he hits a drive into the rough, and it's pretty deep. He asks me how anybody else is doing. I remind him he's told me not to tell. So he said, 'Well, is it worse than first?' I said, 'Yeah, it was. And he said 'What do you mean, more than five. How many?'"

"He really wanted to know, so I told him he was nine in front. That was the last time he tried that."

The Masters, which starts April 6, is the first event of the "Grand Slam" which Nicklaus would love to achieve in one year. The U.S. Open at Pebble Beach, Calif., the British Open at Muirfield and the PGA at Oakland Hills, Mich., complete the "impossible" dream for 1972.

Nicklaus, 32, says he intends to design golf courses, when his playing days are over. Argea has no thoughts of retirement.

"I'm only 42," he notes. "I'm in good shape, good for another 20 years at least. Who knows, maybe when Jack calls it quits I'll wind up caddying for his sons. Jack Jr. is 10 and playing pretty good. I think he had a 93 the other day. Then there's the Stevie. He may be good, too." Argea foresees only one temporary drawback.

"Of course," he says, "I might have to wind up carrying double."

Braendle Nominated For Austrian Ski Job

BREGENZ, Austria, March 29 (AP).—Oskar Braendle, 42, nominated to replace Franz Hopfner as manager of the Austrian ski team, today said he would accept the position if confirmed by the Austrian Ski Federation's general conference in June but that he had no intention to make it a full-time job.

Braendle, a director of a state-run insurance company in Vorarlberg Province, said he hoped to be able to get time off when needed.

Chargers, Pats Trade

FOXBORO, Mass., March 29 (AP).—The New England Patriots have traded outside linebacker Ed Philpott to the San Diego Chargers for a middle round 1973 draft choice.

Philpott, 29, was picked up one point in their battle for first division playoff spot. The Patriots, in fourth place, lead the Pittsburgh Penguins by two points.

NHL Standings

Team	W	L	T	Pts.	GF	GA
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Montreal	44	16	15	103	290	193
Toronto	31	30	17	79	195	195
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Philadelphia	19	43	19	57	189	234
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The Scoreboard

BOXING—At Honolulu, welterweight Alvin Karpis knocked out Manuel Lopez of Mexico at 2 minutes 40 seconds in the first round of a scheduled 10-round bout. Fritz, 144, the World Boxing Association's No. 1 ranked welterweight, said Karpis "let me win with a right that sent the Mexican across the ring."

At Johannesburg, South African light-heavyweight champion Sarel Acoom beat Brian Kelly of the United States in a sixth-round disqualification in their scheduled ten-round bout. Acoom was ahead on points 40-36, but was disqualified for a low blow.

TENNIS—At Macon, Ga., Nikki Pille of Yugoslavia defeated fourth-seeded John Alexander of Australia, 7-6, 6-3, in an opening-round match in the Macon International. Terry Addison of Australia defeated Frank Froehling of Fort Lauderdale, Fla., 6-1, 6-2. Ray Ruffalo of Australia defeated countryman Allan Stone, 7-6, 7-6, 6-3, and Bob Maud of South Africa beat Tom Leonard of Australia, 6-1, 6-2.

At San Juan, Puerto Rico, Jamaica's Richard Russell scored a 6-7, 7-5, 6-3 upset victory over American Dennis Ralston in the second round of round-robin play in the 2nd annual Caribe Cup tennis tournament. Ralston, a former U.S. Open champion, defeated fellow-American Eric Van Dillen, 6-4, 6-1, while second-seeded Stan Smith of the United States beat Barroon Rahim of Pakistan, 6-3, 7-6.

In women's doubles, American Janet Newberry beat Australian Kerry Harris, 7-6, 6-3, while American Nancy Oracle beat Indonesia's Lita Liem, 4-6, 7-6, 6-3.

HORSE RACING—At New York, Exoticator won the \$25,000 added Bay Shore Stakes, a 100-yard race, at Aqueduct racetrack, beating a field of 10 horses. Exoticator was ridden by Mike Yoncos, who won the race in 1971. Exoticator was owned by the late, famous trainer, Eddie Arcaro.

At Arcadia, Calif., English-bred Nori II scored his biggest decision in the United States when he pulled away to a two-length victory in the 31st running of the \$25,000 San Juan Bay Handicap over Santa Anita's satellite and infield turf course. The 5-year-old Nori II was making only his fifth start in the United States and it was his third victory.

Nori II ran down Hill Run in the stretch under the hand of Danay Velazquez as he needed the 1 1/2 miles in 2:23 4/5. Hill Run held on for second as Rincemito finished third with the favored Fragrantone finishing fourth in the field of nine.

Exhibition Baseball

Tuesday's Games

Detroit 5, New York (N) 4 (10 inn.).

Baltimore 6, Texas 1.

Cincinnati 7, Houston 3.

Philadelphia 3, Chicago (A) 2.

Pittsburgh 6, St. Louis 2.

Los Angeles 4, New York (A) 5.

Boston 3, Minnesota 2.

California 6, Oakland 1.

Chicago (N) 4, San Diego 6.

Milwaukee 3, Cleveland 3.

Cleveland 5, San Francisco 2.

Montreal 5, Atlanta 4 (10 inn.).

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Red Wings Stay Close To Playoffs

Rout Bruins, 6-3; Point Out of 4th

DETROIT, March 29 (UPI).—Arnie Brown's second goal of the season broke a 3-3 tie in the third period last night and the playoff-hopeful Detroit Red Wings went on to beat Boston, 6-3—only the Red Wings' fifth loss in the National Hockey League season.

Brown's goal at 9 minutes 14 seconds trickled under goalie Ed Johnston's legs after he seemingly had it stopped. After the tally, a fan in the Detroit Stadium record crowd of 16,018 threw a dead octopus on the ice—a custom usually reserved for when Detroit makes the Stanley Cup playoffs.

But the Red Wings are far from the playoffs, being one point behind fourth-place Toronto in the NHL East with games at New York and Chicago remaining. The Maple Leafs have three games left.

Nick Libett netted his 30th goal less than two minutes after Brown's score and Mickey Redmond scored his 41st at the 7:26 mark to clinch the victory.

Leon Rochefort had started the four-goal period by converting a 40-foot pass for his 16th goal of the season.

The Bruins, on their way to a new low in losses for a season, had overcome a 2-0 Red Wings' lead on goals by Phil Esposito, his 65th, Wayne Cashman and Bobby Orr in the second period. Cashman's was playing his first game since being suspended March 14 for hitting Orr's equal his record of 37 goals in a season by a defenseman.

Blues 2, Canucks 1

Garry Unger scored two goals as St. Louis clinched a spot in the Stanley Cup playoffs with a 2-1 victory over Vancouver.

Unger scored his 35th and 36th goals of the season to break a Blues' individual record for goals in a season. The previous mark was 35 by Red Berenson in 1968-69.

The Blues' victory assured their fifth appearance in the playoff in five seasons in the NHL. The Blues are the only team in the NHL league that has never missed the playoffs.

Flyers 2, North Stars 2

Philadelphia, on a second-period goal by Ross Lonsberry, tied Minnesota, 2-2, to pick up one point in their battle for first division playoff spot. The Flyers, in fourth place, lead the Pittsburgh Penguins by two points.

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(Continued from Back Page)

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DYNAMIC MAN, 47, only bilingual

well equipped, French-American, accounting, management, internal control, financial, budgeting, speaks English, French, Italian, Spanish, five available immediately. Box 74, 1400, Bern, Paris.

D.S. GIEL, 25, 3 years experience

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DYNAMIC SALESMAN, 35, with

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ENGLISH STUDENT, 18, will teach

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DYNAMIC YOUNG MAN, for sales

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DOMESTIC SITUATIONS

SITUATIONS WANTED

FRENCHMAN, 30, single, good appearance, seeks post VALET, can cook, serve, drive, French, will travel, has visa U.S.A., good references. Box 10-44, Zurich, France.

TYTOS, 25, male, 5'7", 160 lbs

M.A., free now Paris (will consider relocation). Write: Jeanne, 31 Rue Montmartre, Paris-2e.

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GIRL FOR LIGHT HOUSEKEEPING

wanted in Cannes in SACRAMENT, California. Write: Mrs. J. J. Smith, Paris: 504-00-80 or write: Box 74, 1400, Bern, Paris.

ALPINE: American woman with 3

years of experience in ski areas, 31 Rue Montmartre, Paris-2e.

Art Buchwald

What Else Is New?

WASHINGTON. — My friend Metterling has just returned from a three-month visit to the green hell of Brazil. He called me as soon as he got back and said, "I hope you saved me Life magazine—I want to catch up on the Howard Hughes autobiography."



Buchwald

"I don't know how to tell you this, Metterling," I said, "but the Hughes autobiography is a forgery."

"Not too much," Jack Anderson printed a memo from an ITT lobbyist saying the company gave a \$400,000 commitment to the Republicans."

"Fancy that. What did the Republicans have to say?"

"They said the memo was a forgery."

"Now, wait a minute. Do you mean to say that both the Howard Hughes book and the Jack Anderson memo were forgeries?"

"It's hard to believe," I admitted.

"But why would ITT want to forge Howard Hughes' autobiography?"

"They don't forge Howard Hughes' autobiography. The Clifford Irving forgery."

"Then what did ITT forge?"

"ITT didn't forge anything. They said the memo purportedly written by Dita Beard was a forgery."

"Dita Beard?"

"Yes, you see she worked for ITT and her name was on a memo saying she had the White House in the bag for a \$400,000 contribution to the Republicans' national convention."

"What did Howard Hughes have to say to that?"

"Howard Hughes had nothing to say to that. He did loan \$300,000 to Richard Nixon's brother to bail him out of a restaurant business in Whittier, Calif., years ago, but that was

in the Irving book which was a forgery. Irving apparently got it from Noah Dietrich's book about Hughes, which happens to be true."

"I see," Metterling said. "Well, where does that leave Life magazine?"

"Life magazine revealed last week that the Justice Department allegedly intervened on behalf of two friends of President Nixon's in a campaign donation case in San Diego."

"Was this at ITT's behest?"

"No, dammit," I said, trying to keep my temper. "ITT had nothing to do with that. ITT's only involvement with San Diego was the offer they made to finance the Republican convention."

"Other than that, ITT is blameless, except that there seems to be some story that they gang up with the Central Intelligence Agency in Chile to defeat President Allende."

"I thought it was Nicaragua."

"No, Howard Hughes went to Nicaragua."

"Why would Howard Hughes go to Nicaragua if ITT was having trouble in Chile?"

"Because Hughes doesn't care what happens to Chile. You see, Hughes was forced out of the Bahamas after he blew the whistle on the Irvings and so he went to Nicaragua. But now he's in Vancouver."

"Well, who's in San Diego?"

"Nobody but the men Life magazine said the Justice Department covered up for."

"I see," Metterling said. "Why didn't the Republicans get the \$400,000 to finance their convention in San Diego from Howard Hughes?"

"Because at that time Howard Hughes was living in Las Vegas and the Republicans didn't want to hold their convention in a town that has legalized gambling."

"Did anyone ask for a contribution from the Irvings?"

"That hasn't come up yet in Anderson's column but one is ruling it out. Listen, I have to go now. Is there anything else you want to ask me, Metterling?"

"Well, that happened to the President's trip to China?"

"What trip?"

Italy's Good Friday Penitential March

By Stuart Troup

CIVITAVECCHIA, Italy (UPI). — The lights will go out Friday night in Civitavecchia, a fishing port 72 kilometers north of Rome, as thousands gather in the darkened streets to watch a procession emanating from the Church of the Dead.

On Good Friday, more than 100 men and women in hooded robes, dragging heavy chains strapped to their ankles—some of them shrouded in heavy wooden crosses—will leave the church at about 8 p.m. The barefoot penitents return to the church about three hours later after a march through the streets.

The way is lighted by torch-bearing children dressed in Roman and medieval costumes. The march is accompanied by funeral music. The spectators are generally silent and reverent and the identities of penitents remain secret.

This is thought to be the only surviving penitential procession in Italy, an annual reminder of a tradition of more than 1,000 years and the project of a local lay group called the Arcione confraternita del Gonfalone.

"No one knows when the procession began," says Livio Moscarelli, the 49-year-old leader—or "prior"—of the confraternity. "The origins were lost in the darkness of time," he says. Documents that might have shed light on this custom were destroyed during the 9th-century Saracen invasion of Civitavecchia.

The mystery of its beginning, however, is perhaps no more interesting than what is known about the Good Friday event, about the church from which it starts out, and about the confraternity that administers both.

For a millennium, the confraternity has sponsored and managed the procession, gathering together those who sought mortification for their sins and providing the setting and the trappings for penance. The penitents are mostly townpeople but some come from as far away as Bologna, Turin and Naples. They arrive at the church annex headquarters for the confraternity. Their identities are revealed only to the



Last year's marchers in Civitavecchia.

secretary of the organization, who provides them with the chains and hooded robes, if they haven't their own, and perhaps a cross to carry in the march.

Although the procession is religious, accompanied by clerics and carved Christ figures, symbols of the crucifixion, as a form of penance, it does not carry the sanction of the Catholic Church. It is merely condemned.

The confraternity's link with the so-called Church of the Dead—which bears the inscription on its facade "Ave Maria Stella" (Hail, Star of the Sea)—did not come until the 13th century. That link, however, was as macabre as the annual penitential procession—the church was the collecting place for the severed heads of criminals executed in the city by papal authority.

The confraternity had gained a reputation as a peacemaking

group, working toward keeping apart the warring factions in 14th-century Rome and also, as a society that aided the sick and the dying. In 1741, it joined with an association in Rome to give aid and comfort to prisoners.

Thus, it acquired the function of accompanying condemned inmates of the Civitavecchia prison to the church for last rites, then to the scaffold for execution. The heads of the condemned were then returned to the church annex and dropped through a trap door in the floor, just below a carved crucifix which the condemned had kissed before being led to their deaths.

As a reward for its work, the confraternity was allowed to spare the life of one prisoner each year, until the executions ceased in 1870, when papal power was overthrown. The crucifix is still in the annex, but

the trap door was sealed in 1930 and the basement was filled with earth to reinforce the floor.

But the confraternity continued to function as a society aiding the sick and dying until the Italian Red Cross was formed in 1932. In 1930, Mr. Moscarelli notes, there were about 300 members, all actively participating in giving aid, as well as providing the accommodations for the penitents' procession.

"There was no radio, no television, no strikes, no soccer games, no political parties—only one," reminds Mr. Moscarelli. "And there was time to go to church."

Today the confraternity has 30 members, and its activities are largely ceremonial. There is the Good Friday procession, the feast of Santa Lucia on Dec. 13 on the feast of Madonna della Grazie on Sept. 15, with little else for members to concern themselves with.

While its membership has decreased, the number of penitents who apply for participation in the annual procession has been rising annually. Last year there were 108; this year the confraternity expects at least 120, says Vito Ruoppo, secretary of the group.

The preparations are complete; the floats for the Christ figures have been redecorated, the chains have been strung across the floor of a room in the annex and members have been assigned duties.

Some will provide medical aid for those marchers who fall to avoid the debris that some of the many thousands of onlookers will undoubtedly scatter in their path.

"The Communists litter the streets with pieces of glass and bricks," claims Mr. Ruoppo. "And sometimes they throw lighted cigarettes under the feet of the female members of the confraternity who carry first-aid equipment during the march. Just in case, he says.

If someone is hurt badly enough to require medical aid after the procession, Mr. Ruoppo must administer it himself, he says, lest the identity of the marcher become known to others.

PEOPLE: A Tourist With a Difference

It's one of those six-cities-in-17-days tours and Josephine Berman is determined to "do everything the tourists do."

After a "wonderful two days in Amsterdam," she and her husband Sy arrived in Paris on Monday. Among the other rubberneck bills, the Bermans, of Brooklyn, walked the length of the Champs-Élysées Tuesday, a stroll of more than two miles in a sharp wind, and after a full day of sightseeing yesterday, planned to top off the day with an evening at the Folies-Bergère. Tomorrow, the Bermans fly to Rome, then visit Florence, Naples, and Sorrento before heading back to New York after their first trip to Europe, a typical tourist bag, all right, but with a difference.

Mrs. Berman, her husband explained Tuesday night, is obliged to have treatments every four days or so on a hospital machine that cleanses her blood and renal systems in place of her kidneys, a process she has undergone for the past eight years following a serious kidney malfunction. Shortly before her stroke up and down the Champs, she had spent eight hours on the kidney machine at Paris's Necker Hospital. Another session is scheduled for tomorrow before the flight to Rome, with similar treatment arranged for hospitals in Rome and Naples. A tourist bit indeed, confessed Sy Berman, but even more, "it is the fulfillment of a dream."

President Nixon trailed Adolf Hitler and Mao Tse-tung, but managed to get ahead of Jack the Ripper as an object of fear and hatred in a poll of visitors to Madame Tussaud's, the famous waxworks museum in London. Results of the poll:

Yesterday, also showed Nixon in a similar sampling of opinion in Madame Tussaud's Amsterdam branch. Sharing fifth place in the London poll with Dracula was Conservative MP Enoch Powell, while representing the Americans in more favorable terms than the President was Sen. Ted Kennedy. The Massachusetts Democrat nosed out Sir Winston Churchill to win the contest among the waxwork patrons' favorite heroes.

William Havens, a captain in the Australian merchant marine, yesterday bought a piece of his-

tory: a blockhouse in France famed for ineffectual Maginot Line. Havens, who paid \$200 for the blockhouse at an auction in Combes, in the Moselle, explains that he wanted "a little piece of France" for his daughter, Françoise, born six years ago in the French port of Brest. The French government has been selling off the reinforced concrete emplacements of the Maginot Line, ranging from vast underground fortresses to pillboxes, in several years.

Lunching in Lusaka this week with Zambian President Kenneth Kaunda were Harry Belafonte and Sidney Poitier. The actors were seeking approval to make a major film, based on Harriet Beecher Stowe's "Uncle Tom's Cabin," in Zambia, whose "Zambian Belafonte" calls "perfect" for the enterprise. The actors also are considering making other films in Africa based on the continent's historical heritage. "Black people in America are extremely conscious of their African heritage," said Belafonte. "We are trying to do what we can to strengthen the links between us."

Residing up in Hamilton, Bermuda, is Charlie Chaplin, 82, with wife Oona, is en route to London to New York and the Hollywood, where the veteran actor will receive a special early next month. Chaplin's first visit to the States in 20 years, being eagerly awaited by some less American fans, though the one those who have less than enthusiastic, among them the former Pickford, interviewed at her Pickford estate, the former star perhaps as much a Hollywood legend as Chaplin himself, is asked how she felt about the praise being lavished upon the contemporary. "I think she should ask some of her own," said Miss Pickford, 77. A niece, a Republican who disapproves Chaplin's alleged leftist leaning, she made no secret of her dislike of the actor. The 1930s star clashed over the years with their dealings with United Artists of which they were founding partners. Asked what sort of business partner Chaplin was, Miss Pickford replied: "As Sam Gold would say, 'I can tell you two words: Im-possible.'"

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